The Daily Constitution.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

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SQUARES.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
1 Square	3	6	8	10	16	20	35	60
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4 squares	10	18	25	30	50	60	90	155
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Quarter column	14	25	35	40	65	80	120	190
Third of a col	16	30	40	50	80	100	140	220
Half column	25	50	60	80	120	150	200	320
One column	40	70	100	130	180	200	360	600

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for a specified time.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than ONE DOLLAR.

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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's sales, per levy of ten lines or less... $8 50
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Sales of perishable property, 10 days, per sqr. 1 50
Estray Notices, 30 days..... 3 00
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TIME REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notices of these sales must be given in a public gazette 40 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices of the sale of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices to tne debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Citations for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days; for dismission from Administration, monthly 6 months; for dismission from Guardianship 40 days.

Rules for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months; for compelling titles from Executors or Administrators, where bond has been given by the deceased, the full space of three months.

Publications will always be continued according to these, the legal requirements, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—S. HULBERT, Superintendent; E. B. WALKER, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	6 45 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1 10 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 35 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 45 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	4 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	4 15 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	11 00 A M

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.00 A M
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 P.M.
Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	4.30 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	3.00 A.M.
Leave Augusta	10.00 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12.30 P. M.
Leave West Point	12.50 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	4.35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	11.05 P. M.
Leave West Point	8.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10.00 A. M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.30 P M
Leave Macon	2.45 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	8.00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.30 P M
Arrive at Macon	3.10 A M
Leave Macon	3.40 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.30 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	6	o'clock, A M
Close at	12½	o'clock, P M
Open at	2	o'clock, P M
Close at	6	o'clock, P M
SUNDAYS.		
Open at	8	o'clock, A M
Close at	10	o'clock, A M

THOS G. SIMMS, P. M.
feb19—dtf

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: Thos. G. Simms, Postmaster; Frank Mills, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. Nall, Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; J. G. Daniel, Mailing Clerk; J. W. Woodruff, Distributing Clerk; C. Brumley, W. A. Orme, Delivery Clerks; J. W. Smith, Stamp Clerk; P. H. Woodward, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arrive	Mails Close.
Washington, D. C	3.45 A M.	6 P. M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 "	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga	7.45 A.M.	4.30 P.M. 5 P.M. 6 A.M.
Charlestown, Ga. R. R. Way Mail	7.45 A.M.	4.30 P.M. 5 P. M.
Athens, Ga	4.30 P.M.	6 A.M.
Milledgeville, Ga	4.00 P. M.	6.45 A. M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	4.00 P. M.	5 P. M.
Macon	4.00 "	6 P. M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A.M.	6 P. M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.30 P. M.	7 A. M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.30 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly—Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin—Semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin—Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton—Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville—Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville—Weekly—Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee—Weekly—Tuesdays.

GEO. L. ANDERSON & CO.,
GROCERS,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Mitchell street, near Whitehall,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

IN STORE:

10 HHDS. SHOULDERS,
10 barrels Molasses,
10 sacks Coffee,
15 barrels Sugar,
12 barrels Lard,
20 Kegs Lard,
Leather,
Cotton Yarns,
Mackerel, Rice, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Soap, Crockery Ware, Shoes, &c., &c., for sale cheap for cash, or exchanged for Wheat at a fair price.

Solicit Consignments of Corn, Wheat, Oats, Flour, Bacon, Pork, Lard, &c., &c.

dec4—d G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1869. NUMBER 179

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

WALLACE P. REED, Attorney at Law, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. dec18-d3m

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

DR. R. D. BADGER, Dentist, office front room over Henry Banks' shoe store, up stairs, No. 6 Peachtree st., Atlanta, Ga. jan6d3m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, &c., Whitehall street, second door above Lynch & Co.'s Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. nov13 d3m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE, Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keep on hand the largest and best selected stock in Atlanta, and will sell to country merchants at New York prices, with freight added. july16 dly

Municipal Government of Atlanta.

W. H. HULSEY, Mayor.

COUNCILMEN.

Ward No. 1.—W. H. Brotherton, J. P. Mays.
Ward No. 2.—D. C. O'Keefe, E. J. Roach.
Ward No. 3.—W. C. Anderson, V. P Sisson.
Ward No. 4.—M. Mahoney, Evan P. Howell.
Ward No. 5.—E. R. Carr, S. R. McCamy.
S. B. Love, Clerk of Council.
W. W. Clayton, Treasurer.
Reuben Arnold, City Attorney.
L. P. Thomas, Tax Receiver and Collector.
Drs. C. Pinckney and E. S. Ray, City Physicians.
George Stewart, Superintendent of Streets.
W. Y. Langford, Superintendent of Alms House.
John Thomas, Chief Marshal.
E. C. Murphy, Deputy Marshal.
Jno. L. Johnson, First Lieutenant of Police.
G. W. Anderson, Second " "
W. B. Bass, City Surveyor.
W. W. Davis, Magazine Keeper.
Patrick Fitzgibbons, Hall Keeper.
Theophilus Harris and Frank F Ryan, Clerks of Markets.
G. A. Pilgrim, Sexton.
Geo. Cook, W. C. Sanders, J. J. Thrasher, City Assessors.
W. A. Hemphill & Co, City Printers.
J. A. Lanier, R. Carsan, R. O. Haynes, A. R. Gerard, J. S. Holland, H. W. Wooding, H. J. Holtzclaw, D. M. Queen, Newton M. Holland, Stephen Haverty, T. J. Bomar, E. F. Couch, Dan. Rogan, L. G. Holland, I. Cook, James McGee, C. M. Barry, F. T. Kicklighter, J. F. Barnes, G. W. Bowen, T. G. McMan, Jas. A. Hinton, O. A. Thrower, M. W. Rasberry, O. H. Bentley, Jack Smith, W. H. Holcombe, D. P. Kendrick, R. B. Hutchens, L. A. Buffington, John Doyle, T. B. Boggus, Policemen.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

On Finance—Carr, McCamy, O'Keefe.
On Tax—O'Keefe, Brotherton, Carr.
On Wells, Pumps and Cisterns—Mahoney, Mays, Anderson.
On Streets—McCamy, Mahoney, Mays.
On Public Buildings—Sisson, Mahoney, Roach.
On Markets—Howell, Brotherton, Carr.
On Police—Roach, Anderson, Sisson.
On Ordinances—Sisson, Howell, Brotherton.
On Gas—Brotherton, Roach, Howell.
On Fire Department—Anderson, Howe'l, Sisson.
On Cemetery—Mays, Anderson, Roach.
On Relief—McCamy, O'Keefe, Mays, Anderson, Mahoney.

1868.
Winter Arrangement!

GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE
TO THE NORTH AND EAST
—VIA—
LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI
—OR—
INDIANAPOLIS.

Passengers by this Route have choice of
Twenty-five Different Routes to
NEW YORK!
Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers holding tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, can visit Washington without extra charge.

Fare Same as via Knoxville or Augusta.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA
Daily at 8:15 a. m. and 6:45 p. m.,
After arrival of all Southern Trains, and make close connections to above named cities.

Check Baggage to Louisville, and it will be re-checked to destination on Trains of Louisville and Nashville Railroad before arrival at Louisville.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars
ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS AT GOOD HOTELS.

ASK FOR TICKETS
VIA LOUISVILLE.

General Ticket Office, Atlanta.

E. B. WALKER,
Master of Transportation.
W. & A. R. R.
dec13—d

DAILY PASSENGER LINE
—BETWEEN—
ATLANTA & NEW YORK!
Philadelphia, Washington,
AND OTHER
EASTERN CITIES!
—VIA—
Western and Atlantic
—AND—
VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE
RAILWAYS!
ALL RAIL ROUTE!

Time Table, Nov. 17, 1868:

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	6:45 P. M.
Leave Dalton	2:30 A. M.
Leave Knoxville	11:15 "
Leave Bristol	7:30 P. M.
Leave Lynchburg	9:00 A. M.
Leave Alexandria	5:45 P. M.
Leave Washington	6:30 "
Arrive at New York	6:00 A. M.

SOUTH.

Leave New York	8:40 P. M.
Leave Alexandria	7:30 A. M.
Leave Lynchburg	4:40 P. M.
Leave Bristol	5:37 A. M.
Leave Knoxville	1:14 P. M.
Leave Dalton	3:40 "
Arrive at Atlanta	6:25 A. M.

Time Between Atlanta & New York, Fifty-Seven Hours.

The GREAT MAIL between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.

SLEEPING COACHES ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

THROUGH TICKETS GOOD UNTIL USED,
—AND—
Baggage Checked Through
TO
ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.

E. B. WALKER,
Master of Transportation,
W. & A.
dec13-d

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 12.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.—A large number of the members of the General Assembly have arrived in the city. Most of the remaining members are expected to arrive on the trains this evening.

During the session we tender the hospitalities of the business office and editorial sanctum of THE CONSTITUTION to the members. They will always find our latch-string on the outside.

THE FATE OF GEORGIA IN CONGRESS.—A Washington correspondent of the Athens Southern Watchman, no doubt Colonel Christy, editor of that paper, and representative in Congress elect from that District of Georgia, writes as follows about the prospects of Georgia in Congress:

While my individual opinion is, that no legislation whatever is needed, and while I find many members of Congress leaning in that direction, I cannot ignore the fact that a majority seem determined to do something. Hence, I think that as a compromise between the extremists and nonactionists, moderate measures may be agreed upon. With a certain class, the status of "the negro" seems to be the bone of contention. His exclusion from the Legislature has aroused their ire, and they are determined to have the question settled whether he shall hold office or not. To this end, it is proposed by the "moderates" that the constitutional convention shall reassemble solely for the purpose of passing a declaratory ordinance on this subject. A case might be brought before your Supreme Court, which would settle the question at once. To satisfy the clamor raised by those who have so persistently talked of "rebel outrages" and the alleged impossibility of Union men obtaining justice in some sections of the State, it is proposed to give the United States Courts concurrent jurisdiction in cases where parties will swear they cannot get justice in the State Courts. Whether this policy will be adopted, or that of the extremists—or, what is better, the matter left to regulate itself—no one can now pretend to say.

The rumor that General Grant is opposed to further reconstruction, which is general, is, I have good reason for believing, well founded. I am not at liberty to publish the facts on which this opinion is based, but think they are reliable.

CRITICAL POSITION OF THE RADICAL PARTY.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette, writing under date of 7th inst., says:

The position of the dominant party is becoming every day more and more critical, as the leaders frankly admit in private conversations, and to-day a prominent Radical member of the House declared his apprehension that the announcement of General Grant's Cabinet would be the signal for a general breaking up of the Radical organization. This gentleman interprets very unfavorably the remarkable reticence of the President elect, and it is even suspected by him and other shining lights of the party that General Grant will ignore party demands in the selection of his constitutional advisers.

But the grave apprehension felt by the Radicals that their future is not to be through smooth paths, do not arise solely from the misgivings now so common in the ranks of the Radical party. They see fearful breakers ahead on financial questions, but "Reconstruction rears its horrid front and frightens their bravest men. The members of the Senate Judiciary Committee admit this, and say they know not which way to turn. Georgia haunts them by day and by night, and every day the subject receives additional embarrassment from the blundering of those who see not the dangers into which they are driving their party. During the session of this Judiciary Committee to-day, all the members save one Democrat (Hendricks) denounced the present terrible condition of affairs in Georgia, but not one could suggest any means of relief. The only member of the Judiciary Committee who favors the proposition to allow Joshua Hill, the Radical Senator elect from Georgia, to take his seat, is Senator Hendricks, the only democratic member of the committee. It is understood that the question of admitting Mr. Hill has been postponed until the political status of Georgia shall have been definitely and finally settled. When that will be, no one ventures to predict.

Worm Fences and Stock Pens.

The Constitutionalist, of the 7th, has a very sensible article on these subjects, which deserves general consideration. With reference to the advantages of the system of penning stock, the case is very forcibly stated, showing that the practice would not only amply remunerate for all trouble and expense, but be productive of highly profitable agricultural results. We quote as follows:

Hogs, when properly attended in pens or lots, have exceeded 500 pounds in weight at a year old; the white Chester breed, 800 pounds at fourteen or sixteen months, and as much as 1,280 pounds at twenty-one months old, increasing for short periods as rapidly as three or four pounds per day; while each one, when amply supplied with peat or pond mud, straw and rotten wood or charcoal, has manufactured in the year, three cords, or over three hundred bushels of excellent manure. Thus the manure alone would pay for the feeding, and the increase of flesh over the ordinary accumulation from our scant range—150 pounds at the utmost—would be net gain. And the hogs would be kept from mischief to ourselves or our neighbors, would multiply more rapidly, occupy less time in attending to them and be less liable to be stolen or destroyed by wild or tame animals.

Dr. Dana states in his Manual, that the liquid manure produced by one cow annually, is equal to fertilizing (1½) one and a quarter acres of land. The solid manure is nearly of the same strength. Thus a single cow can be made to enrich over two acres of ground per annum. The quantity in bulk is over a bushel a day, according to Bousingault, or nearly four cords per annum. Now, peat or pond mud is richer in salts than cow manure, and to be doubly superior in all respects requires only some two and a half pounds per cord of amonia. Therefore, throw into the stall or pen at intervals, to be likewise removed and protected from sunshine and too much rain, seven or eight cords of peat or mud (or compost in any manner,) and there would be an annual return of eleven or more cords, or over eleven hundred bushels of capital manure—enough to fertilize half a dozen acres, which, under judicious cultivation, would support a moderate sized family. From penning all the cows there would accrue an abundant supply of milk and butter, repaying all the trouble incurred. Other animals would yield a return of manure proportionate to the above. Sheep have been purchased in the Northwest recently at over $3 a head, for the express purpose of making manure from them.

LEE ON GRANT.—We have heard that our own great chieftain, when some one spoke disparagingly of General Grant's abilities in his presence, shrugged his shoulders and said: "At all events, he seems to accomplish whatever he undertakes."—*Charlottesville Chronicle.*

The News from Cuba—Changes in the Aspect of Affairs.

Our advices from Cuba during the last two days, by telegraph and mail, have been unusually full and interesting. The Captain General sent out by the new government of the Peninsula had arrived in Havana with reinforcements, and though he has not yet announced his programme of government nor issued the proclamation usual on a change of command in the island, events and opinions there seem to be taking a shape favorable to the suppression of the insurrection. The letters of our correspondents are filled with interesting details, and it will suffice for us to point out the leading facts of the news. The convention of insurgent leaders at Sibanicu had determined not to proclaim the freedom of the slaves; General Valmaseda was continuing his march upon the interior towns without material resistance; a portion of the garrison of Manzanillo, lately closely besieged, had made a short incursion to Yara unmolested; no further insurgent operations against Santiago are reported, and there is an evident growth of a feeling in Havana favorable to the acceptance of new relations between Spain and Cuba.

In view of this condition of affairs in the island we are struck with the coldness of the reception of the new Captain-General. None of the demonstrations usual on such occasions took place. Neither the purely Spanish population nor that portion of the Cubans which has for some time waited the coming of the new order of things which General Dulce was to bring have exhibited the feeling that was expected on their part. Is it too late to establish the hoped for reforms? Are these inadequate to meet the emergency? Have the surroundings of the new chief inspired a feeling of distrust? For answers to these inquiries we must await further developments; but in the meantime convictions favorable to a pacific solution press themselves upon us. The signs of the times indicate that the feeling of the insurgents in the eastern half of the island has materially changed since the first burst of the revolution.

As for the surroundings of the new Captain General we hear as yet but one important person having arrived with him, and the name is of sinister omen. Bishop Martinez is the synonym of reaction in the government of which he forms a part. Hand in glove with the Jesuits, whose expulsion from the Spanish dominions was decreed by the recent revolution in Spain, we are slow to believe that his coming indicates the extension of this measure to Cuba or the establishment of religious toleration there. To our view it points to an opposite result. Freedom of the press at this juncture is supposed to be impossible in Havana. It is believed it would simply open the sluces of public opinion, now closed, to the torrent of revolutionary ideas. We believe quite the contrary. It would transfer the conflict now going on in Cuba, from the field of arms to the field of journalism. The free discussion would be a safety valve to public opinion, and we advise General Dulce to try it. It is better to expend printer's ink than powder.—The proposed republication of El Pais, a journal formerly in the hands of the Cuban party hopeful for reforms from Spain, but which circumstances had placed in the control of persons favorable to revolutionary ideas, and in whose hands it died, is a promise of more latitude in discussion and an indication of life in the new school of Cuban thought. Should our conjectures on this point prove correct the revived journal can do more towards the restoration of peace in the island than all the bayonets which General Dulce has at his command. We may expect soon to receive the programme of the new government. Should it be one of toleration for opinions and humanity to those who have been in arms the new Captain General will soon be able to retrieve the errors of his Bourbonistic predecessor.—*N. Y. Herald.*

SPAIN.—It does not appear from our latest news that Spain is yet over her troubles. A Carlist conspiracy, having extensive ramifications has been discovered, and in certain portions of the south the peasant classes pressed by poverty, are organizing themselves into large plundering parties. The rich landholders, in consequence, are suffering considerably. We know that there are in Spain numerous elements of discord. The Church has no sympathy at all with the revolution. The Carlists, who in some districts are numerous, have none. The French residents, the most of whom are Red Republicans, lose no opportunity of stirring up discontent. Meanwhile, although it is not easy to acquit the Provisional Government of very great blame in delaying the assembling of the Cortes, General Prim, with the army completely under control, does not find it a very formidable task to put down any insurrectionary manifestation. If Prim is successful in holding the army in subordination there is good reason to believe that a constitutional monarchy will be established. There is small chance for a republic at present. It is very generally believed that the next king of Spain will be amember of the fortunate house of Savoy. This arrangement, it is understood, has the hearty approbation of Louis Napoleon. Montpensier has, therefore, as little reason to hope as have the Republicans, and Isabella has less reason to hope than either.—*New York Herald.*

AGES AND SALARIES OF THE NEW BRITISH MINISTRY.—The following is a list of the new British Ministry, their ages, and the respective salaries they receive:

First Lord of the Treasury (Prime Minister,) Mr. Gladstone, aged 59; salary £5,000. Lord High Chancellor, Lord Hatherly (Sir W. Page Wood,) aged 68; salary, £10,000. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Lowe, aged 57; salary, £5,000. Home Department, Mr. H. Bruce, aged 53; salary, £5,000. Foreign Affairs, Earl of Clarendon, aged 69; salary, £5,000. Colonies, Earl Granville, aged 53; salary, £5,000. War Department, Mr. Cardwell, aged 55; salary, £5,000. India, Duke of Argyle, aged 45; salary, £5,000. First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. H. C. E. Childers, aged 41; salary £4,5000. President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Bright, aged 57; salary, £2,000. President of the Council, Earl de Grey, aged 41; salary, £2,000. Lord Privy Seal, Earl of Kimberley, aged 42; salary, £2,000. President of the Poor Law Board, Mr. G. J. Goschen, aged 37; salary, £2,060. Postmaster General, Marquis of Hartington, aged 45; salary, £3,000. Chief Secretary for Ireland, Chichester Fortescue, aged 45; salary, £2,000. The above form the Cabinet. First Commissioner of Public Works, Mr. Layard, aged 51; salary, £2,000. Vice-President of the Council, Mr. E. W. Forster, aged 51; salary, £2,000. Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, Lord Dufferin, aged 42; salary, £2,000. Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Spencer, aged 33; salary, £20,000. Attorney General, Sir Robert Collier, aged 51; salary, £5,000. Solicitor General, Mr. J. D. Coleman, aged 47; salary, £3,5000.

CONTRACTS FOR LABOR.—The Columbus Sun says:

Farmers tell us that freedmen are contracting the present year. Men are getting from sixty-five to one hundred dollars a year; women, forty to sixty dollars. The "share plan" is in general disfavor. Negroes work well when thus employed, but they run the stock too severely, in order to have Saturday as a holiday. Field hands are in demand in some quarters. Women are not commonly desired.

An Augusta correspondent of the New York World, writes that the second volume of Mr. Stephens' book will be in the hands of the printers early this year.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—SENATE. Messrs. Rice and Abbott were added to the Pacific Railroad Committee.

The bill extending the time for indictments in the United States Courts except for treason and political offenses to two years after the States restoration, passed.

Mr. Rice introduced a bill aiding the Arkansas and Pacific Railroad.

HOUSE.—Mr. Butler is speaking on finance.

The Supreme Court is arguing the boundaries of St. Louis.

HAVANA, Jan. 12.—A commission of influential citizens of Havana, native Cubans and prominent members of the Liberal party left this city, yesterday, to meet the revolutionary Cubans and attempt a compromise for a restoration of pence.

PARIS, January 12.—The French floating debt has been reduced two millions francs. Estimates for 1870, show an excess of eighty-six millions of receipts over expenditures.

The Budget congratulates the country on the return of confidence and general resumption of industrial pursuits.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Cotton easier at 28½a 28¾. Flour dull and 5a10c lower. Wheat dull and nominally lower. Corn dull and declining. Mess pork dull; new 29 25. Lard dull; steam 19¼a 19¾. Whisky steady at 1 00. Turpentine quiet at 53.a53. Rosin steady at 2 70a2 75. Freights firm; cotton, compressed, per steam, 5-16a¾c.

Governments unsettled. Money active at 7. Exchange 9¾. Gold 35¾. 1862 coupons 12¼. Tennessees, 69¼; new 68¾. Virginias ex-coupons 55; new 57. North Carolina's 64¼; new 62.

LONDON, January 12, noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 75¼.

LIVERPOOL, January 12, noon.—Cotton quiet; sales 10,000 bales.

Afternoon—Cotton easier though not lower. Bacon 57s 6d. Lard 73s 6d.

Later—Cotton firmer though not higher. Sales will reach 13,000 bales. Yarns and fabrics firm and quiet. Bombay shipments to the 9th 1,000 bales. Flour 26s 6da27s. Red Western wheat 10s. Corn old 36s 6d; new 34s 6d.

HAVRE, January 12.—Cotton dull; spot and afloat both 130f.

THE GEORGIA QUESTION.—The Senate Committee on the Judiciary, at their meeting on Wednesday, had under consideration the question of admitting the Georgia Senators to take their seats. The matter was discussed at great length, but no conclusion was reached, and the subject was postponed until the next meeting. The Washington Republican (Radical) says: The committee is understood to be very much divided on the question, and it is doubtful what action will be taken relative to the measures now before Congress looking to the repeal of the law admitting that State, and reducing her to a provisional government. If Congress fails to adopt such legislation the committee will probably report on the question of admitting the Senators from that State at as early a day as possible.

THE OGEECHEE PRISONERS.—We understand that Justice P. M. Russell, Jr., the committing Magistrate in these cases, has ordered an investigation, which will commence before a full bench of Magistrates, at the Court House in this city, on to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.—*Savannah Republican, 10th.*

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Markets by Mail.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9—P. M.

The Flour market was more active to-day than it has been for sometime hitherto, the better inquiry of the past few days having developed into practical operations that were to some extent for investment account.

Flour has been regarded as too much below the value of other articles of food, to remain in a position on of such disproportion, and but for the scarcity of money, would probably ere this have received more active attention. Standard brands of extra were sold as high as 7 25, of family at 8 25, and of superfine at 6 25. These figures, however, are extreme, and are not a fair index of the market—the range being still 7 50a8 00 for medium to good family, 6 50a7 00 for extra, and 5 50a6 00 for superfine.

Wheat remains very scarce and firm. No 3 Red Winter is not to be had at less than 1 70, and No. 1 is held at 1 80—the latter grade was handled at 1 77 at 75 for mixed.

Ear Corn will not bring more than 63c in round lots, but shelled is relatively firmer, 65 cents for mixed and 67 for white being the ruling quotations.

Mess Pork was sold, both on the spot and for delivery ahead, at 30 00. A special brand of 240 barrels was taken on an order at 30 50. This latter figure is now generally asked, but it is above the market.

The Provision market was fully as firm—possibly more so—than it has been, yet the trading was not large, at least such as relieves the market of any stock.

Prime City Lard is very generally held at 20c, but sales could not be made above 19½c. At this latter figure there is some demand.

Bulk Meats remian firm at 13, 14¼a14¾, 15a15¼ and 15½c for shoulders, side, clear rib and clear sides, loose. It would not be easy now to get fully cured city stuff at these figures. Shoulders, partially cured, were sold at 13¼, packed; and deliveries, buyers option to the first of March, were contracted at 12½, loose. Bulk hams are rated at 15c loose.

There is but little Bacon ready for delivery. Shoulders are rated at 13¾, clear rib sides at 16¾a17, and clear at 17¼a17¾. Sugar-cured hams are quiet at 17½a18.

Green Meats are scarcely quotable. Nominally they are rated at 11, 12¾a14 and 15, for shoulders, sides and hams.

Hogs become still firmer in prices with but an insignificant demand. A good part of the receipts are still indifferent in quality, and prices consequently have a wider range, running from 9 75 to 11 00 for gross weights, and from 12 00 to 12 50 for net.

Mr. George W. Phillips, Jr., gives the following report of the market in his Circular of this date:

"The market for hogs and provisions during the week past has been in a nervous, feverish and excited condition. The short crop feeling gains ground every day, and from the information received lately, there is no reason to doubt but that it will be short in weight and number, but prices of the product are high, almost as those for luxuries, and though they may remain high, it is very doubtful if it is in the power of the trade to continue these rapid advances made much longer. Country points, satisfied with their more than expected profits, are now willing to unload, and large quantities have been sold, and more offering, but it is being taken by strong parties, at this point at least, so that later in the season we may look for smaller supplies from the country points than usual. The demand, however is almost entirely speculative. The consumptive demand at this season of the year is lighter than has been known for years past. There was not much activity in the market to-day, as the offerings were larger than the demand, except at a trade under asking prices. Receipts of hogs to date are 387,149 head, against 324,490 head for the same time last year; the market closing firm at 9 75a11 00 gross, and at 11¾a12¾ net. There are no offerings of Green Meats and prices are nominal. Mess pork has advanced to 30 00 as the asking price, but is salable only for forward delivery at this price; country is 50cal 00 less. Rumps are not plenty; sales at 20 00a30 00 according to quality. Lard is quiet firm though the offerings are large; 20c is generally asked for city, but buyers are not plenty, except at 19c less; prime steam 19¾. Greases range from 11 to 15¾ for common brown to the best white. Bulk Meats, like most other articles, are in demand for forward delivery at 13, 14¼a15, 15a15¼ loose, asking prices, with buyers at ¼c less. Bulk hams 15 loose. Sweet-pickled hams 16. There is but little bacon out of smoke; sales of shoulders at 14¾a14, clear rib 17, and clear 17¼a17¾. Sugar-cured hams 17¼a18. Tallow 10¼a10¾. Stearine 13a 13½ for prime. Plate beef is held at 21a22, dried beef 18. Exports: Bulk and bacon 3,457 bbls, 1,035 kegs, 284 hhds, 778 tcs, and 701 bxs; pork 1,141 bbls; Meats 1,6,000 lbs. Imports: Lard 1,159 bbls and 161 kegs. Pork 1,127 bbls, and 696,302 lbs bulk meats. No change in freights.

New Advertisements.

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$60 PER MONTH and large commissions paid to sell *Wonder of the World* and three other discoveries. Address J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GEORGE T. FRY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Begs leave to inform the good people of Atlanta, and also those of Fulton, DeKalb, and adjoining counties, that he has located his office in Ball's Building, East side of Whitehall street, in the said city of Atlanta, where he may be found and consulted upon business, every day (Sundays excepted) from 7 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M. He will give diligent, careful, and prompt attention to all business confided to his care.

He will make a specialty of the following grades of business, to-wit: The collection of debts, settlement of all money demands, and of all demands growing out of contracts between man and man, all matters appertaining to, or growing out of, the Homestead Law.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the benefits intended to be conferred by the Homestead Law, are respectfully invited to come to my office for any information they may desire concerning the said law. Also, will attend specially to all matters in Bankruptcy

The Daily Constitution.

Official Journal of the City.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

MORNING EDITION.

THE CONSTITUTION
—HAS THE—
LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION
of any paper published at this point.

J. R. BARRICK, Editor.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 13.

For Congress, Seventh District,

GEN. P. M. B. YOUNG,

OF BARTOW COUNTY.

Democratic Nominations

FOR CONGRESS.

1. A. H. HANSELL, of Thomas.
2. NELSON TIFT, of Dougherty.
3. HUGH BUCHANAN, of Coweta
4. THOS. G. LAWSON, of Putnam.
6. WEIR BOYD, of Lumpkin.
7. P. M. B. YOUNG, of Bartow.

Action vs. Non-Action.

No legislative body ever assembled before in the State of Georgia with more delicate duties to perform, than that which meets at the new capitol, in this city, to-day.—Keenly alive to the emergency, all parties in the State look with intense interest to its action. Nor is this feeling confined to Georgia. Her sister States of the South share it. It is felt beyond the limits of the South. The North shares it. Nowhere, perhaps, is this feeling more general than at the National Capitol. Congress awaits with eager anxiety the action of this body. Its own legislation, in a great measure, may be determined thereby. These things being true, it behooves our Legislature to act with the greatest circumspection. That something must be done is apparent to every thinking mind. What? That is the great question to be considered. We are aware of the fact that many intelligent and patriotic persons argue "Non-action."—We regret that our solemn duty to the public demands that we should take issue with them. Let us see what is to be gained by their course.

It is very well known that there are at the present moment no less than four bills pending before Congress, having for their object either the total abrogation of the State government of Georgia or, what is worse, the establishment of a gubernatorial despotism.

All of these bills are alike obnoxious to the sentiment of our people. If nought is done to anticipate some one of them or, perhaps, a new bill, embodying all that is objectionable in each, may be reported by the Judiciary Committee. Past experience warns us that the action of that Committee is but the stepping stone to law. We ask an intelligent Legislature whether, under these circumstances, an effort should not be made to stay the action of Congress, and, if possible, avert the threatened evil? It is idle to question the powers of Congress. With that body, the hard experience of the recent past should teach us that its power and will are synonymous terms. However much we dissent from its course, we are forced to confess that it has not only assumed, but, under the forms of law, exercised, whenever desired, the supreme prerogative, and that all its acts received the people's approval in the late general election. Hence, to directly clash with supreme power is simply suicidal. If it be in the probable power of the Legislature, by prompt diplomacy, to avert the catastrophe, non-action is crime. The issue we cannot avoid. It must be met. That it can be met successfully we dare hope. In expelling the negro from his seat, the Legislature discharged what it believed to be a conscientious duty. Holding that under the State Constitution he was ineligible they simply asserted the fact. Up to that time Congress had failed to indicate a different construction of that instrument. Therefore, the Legislature did not array itself against any expressed views of Congress. By Congress the issue has been raised, and the ruling party in that body would, no doubt, be pleased should Georgia's Legislature assumed a hostile attitude.

Without presuming to dictate any specific act on the part of the Legislature, we do feel called upon to suggest a general line of policy, which, in our judgment, may be productive of ultimate good. By all means let us not furnish Congress with a pretext for presuming a disposition on our part to disregard any of its laws. It may be well to consider the propriety of presenting to Congress a memorial setting forth the real animus of the Legislature in its past action, and with all due respect for its recognized powers, with a view of bringing the matter before the Supreme Court of Georgia, we would ask a suspension of further congressional legislation on the subject until a decision shall have been rendered, the State pledging herself to abide in good faith the result.

We counsel action; but let it be tempered with WISDOM and MODERATION.

CUBA.—The Captain General of Cuba issues a pathetic appeal to the insurgents of that island to return to their first love, and cease their rebellious demonstrations against their affectionate old mother, Spain. The venerable old mother herself is so near the point of dissolution and so beset with foes within that her maternal entreaties are not likely to be heeded by the refractory child without. In the meantime the cry of the Cubans is "on with the revolution;" down with the Spanish Government in their midst, and up with the independent ensign of the Antilles.

Immigration to Georgia.

One of the first questions which should engage the attention of the Legislature is that of encouraging immigration into the State. The importance of the subject is only equalled by the practical wisdom necessary to accomplish satisfactory results. Nothing short of money to be controlled by an organized system will reach the desired end. We are well advised of the truth that there is a great surplus of European population, the reward of whose labor is barely sufficient to secure the necessaries of life, and that these people would gladly exchange their cheerless condition for the hopeful prospect which invites them here. But how we are to extract them from their European penury and poverty and transplant them to the productive soil of Georgia, is a problem which must be satisfactorily settled before we can make any progress in the right direction. State, county or individual co-operation is essential to the result. However strong may be the desire with the peasantry in those countries to better their condition they cannot do so without the necessary means. We will find it necessary not only to visit them at home, to enlighten them as to the peculiar inducements we hold out to a change from their native countries to ours, but we will find it necessary to assist them in the change—to advance them means, and to make some tangible provision for them on their arrival here. The inducements which we will offer them to emigrate are so great that they will not hesitate in making the change when once assured that they will not suffer for the necessaries of life before they gain a foothold upon our soil. Their present condition is one of hopelessness and poverty, and they would gladly escape from it on the first intimation of a change for the better. The condition of the working classes in England is better perhaps than that of the subjects of any of the other European powers, and yet theirs is without any future better than one of penury. As a correct picture of the agricultural laboring classes in England, we append the following summary of their condition as given by Professor Rogers, himself an Englishman, in a late number of the Edinburgh Review:

Professor Rogers observes with truth, "An artisan may rise to be a master, a mechanic to be an engineer, a factory operative to be a capitalist; but no English agricultural laborer, in his most sanguine dreams, has the vision of occupying, still less of possessing, land." (*Vol i. p.* 693.) Debarred from the hope of advancement, life to the majority of them becomes a dreary blank, labor a cheerless servitude. From the highest service to the lowest, the possibility of advancement is the sovereign incentive which keeps the faculties alert, and brings out whatever of energy or vigor the man has within him. Without this stimulus, the mind sinks into a state of listless apathy, in which routine duties are gone through with mechanical formality. What prospect does the career of the common day laborer in those districts where agriculture is the single employment, afford to quicken his thoughts or animate his movement?

Assume that employment never fails, and that health and character are maintained, what is the history of his life? From the period of early manhood when he comes into full play as a laborer, he may go in the same unvaried round from week to week, from month to month, from year to year, without having made one step in advance, gained one inch of ground above the level that he started from, until the time when, his strength become exhausted by toil, and his earnings having yielded no provision for old age, he retires from the field upon a weekly pittance from the Union, the last stage between his life of labor and his rest in the churchyard.

REPEAL OF THE CIVIL TENURE BILL. The repeal of this bill in the House, by a vote of 116 to 47, is a hopeful sign. The excesses of Radicalism are giving way to returning reason, and the whole country has cause of congratulation on the repeal of an act so intemperately conceived. The wishes of the *incoming* President are thus not only anticipated, but appropriately met. May we not hope that he will in like manner for the good of the country influence the subsequent legislation of Congress.

RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.—The speech of Mr. Washburne, in the House of Representatives, the other day, on retrenchment and reform, a synopsis of which we published last Saturday, is taken as an indication of the views of General Grant, Washburne, if anybody, being esteemed his right-hand man. If the policy of the incoming administration is correctly foreshadowed by Mr. Washburne, the country has cause of congratulation on the near approach of the 4th of March. The race of government swindlers and undertakers in magnificent railroad schemes may be considered as near its close, and a second era of old fashioned honesty may be hailed with the advent of the new President. At all events, we shall look hopefully for a consummation so devoutly to be wished.

Communicated.]

OPENING OF KIMBALL'S OPERA HOUSE.—Last evening presented a scene long to be remembered by our citizens who had the pleasure of being present at the opening of the "so-called" Opera House, which, from dome to basement was brilliantly illuminated with gas. The exterior of the edifice presented a perfect blaze of laze of light that arrested the attention of every passerby, and the immense throng of people who were hurrying toward the building gave evidence that everybody, and his wife, if not invited, were quite sure to be present on the night of opening this beautiful establishment.

The building was originally intended for a first-class Opera House, but the four walls were no sooner built than the Company fell through from want of means. New plans were designed for the completion of the interior, which now, from the elegance of its construction, not only reflects great credit upon the City of Atlanta, but, from all we are able to see, would be difficult to surpass even in the largest cities of the Union.

Attentive officers at the door received the tickets of admission, which bore upon them the words—

COMPLIMENTARY.

KIMBALL'S OPERA HOUSE OPENING.

Admit one Gentleman and Ladies.

But, so far as the tickets were concerned, the officers in charge used their own discretion, admitting every man who indulged in the luxury of a "biled shirt," and whose facical indications did not stamp him with the mark of having, at some time of his life, been a regular graduate of that highly popular institution, the Georgia penitentiary.

The stair-case resembled the Jacob's Ladder mentioned in Holy Writ, as angelic forms were ascending and descending continuously. We had no idea that so much feminine loveliness could be found within the limits of the State, yet there they were smiling, happy and joyous—delighted with themselves and all around them.

Entering the House of Representatives, the ear was delighted with the sweetest music produced by the Military Band of this post; who, we venture to assert, have no superior in the army of the United States. Immediately above their head was the full length portrait of that brave old military chieftain and peerless gentleman, "Old Hickory," a man whose name will never, never die.

The house is brilliantly lighted by a circular of gas jets some thirty feet from the floor, and at least fifteen feet in its diameter. All around these jets was placed a fluted glass mirror, that threw the bright rays of light completely over the room, rendering all side lights completely unnecessary. The fresco work on the ceiling, and indeed all over the room, was really magnificent, and elicited loud marks of approval from all who visited the building.

The Senate Chamber is very beautiful, though not so imposing as the House of Representatives. Over the seat of the President of the Senate, is a full length portrait of George Washington, the first rebel known in American history, from the celebrated painting of Gilbert Stuart. It is very beautiful, and an ornament to the Senate Chamber.

The Supreme Court Library contains two full length portraits; the one on the left of the Hall representing Benjamin Franklin, the Printer, Philosopher and Statesman. As we approached the other, a very beautiful young girl approached us and asked:

"Whose picture is that, sir?"

"Gilbert Mottier de Lafayette," we replied.

"La! yes," she responded, "he was a Northerner, wasn't he?"

"He was something for better," we resumed, indignantly, "he was a *white* man, a brave and gallant Frenchman of noble birth, who left the Court of France, relinquished all the enjoyments so attractive to youth, and the bosom friend of our peerless Washington, did all in his power to secure to us all the blessings of freedom. Would to God that nine years ago our unhappy country could have secured the services of a friend like him."

"Amen, to that quiet prayer!" murmured a soft and gentle voice at our elbow, and turning around we saw a face so bright and intelligent, that for years we shall be apt to remember it.

The committee rooms deserve especial notice for the extreme good taste in which they have been arranged, but the apartments up-stairs, the doors of which were all marked: "Sleeping Room—For Rent," were in bad taste to say the least of it. They might very properly have been reserved for the use of the *attaches* of the building, but the idea of making a cheap lodging house out of the top of so elegant a building seems really absurd.

Among all the visitors, and their name was legion, we did not meet one that did not seem pleased and delighted with all they saw around them. It was one of the most charming re-unions we have seen for a long time and we are happy to learn that not the slightest accident occurred to mar the pleasures of the evening.

Railroads of the United States.

From the American Railroad Journal, Jan. 9.]

The development of the railroad systems of the United States, in the year 1868, has been more rapid than in any former year. Nominally we have an increase of 3,450.37 miles, and in the cost an immense sum of $193,245,232 over the figures given by us as the totals of the previous year. Much of this aggregate is due directly to the progress made in building the Pacific Railroads, and indirectly to the impetus the near approach to their completion has given to railroad building throughout the country, but more especially in the States between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers, and also in California. There is little doubt, also, but that our figures for 1868 did not include many miles of railroad that were brought into use in the last part of the year 1867, the facts not having come to our notice in time for their entrance. Deducting these, or, in other words, adding them to the figures for 1868, we may safely assume that 3,000 miles have been built in the year just passed. The apparent increase in cost is excessive, but it must be remembered that very large amounts have been added to the construction accounts of pre-existing railroads, and in many instances the nominal cost of roads has been largely increased by the operation of consolidations and re-organizations. Our figures, however, do not include issues of stock without cost, as in the Erie case, but are as near correct as reference to the latest official report, or close estimate, can make them. Of the total given above, probably $150,000,000 has been added for 3,000 miles of road, which considering the extensive character of the Pacific lines, is not too large an estimate, being but an average of $50,000 per mile, while the Pacific roads are not built for less than an average of $80,000 per mile. Large amounts are also lying dormant on roads in progress and not yet finished. The following shows the distribution of mileage and cost to the several States and Territories:

	Miles of road—Total.	Open.	Cost of road and equipment.
Maine	944 19	559 07	$ 19,760,641
New Hampshire	822 73	668 73	21,799 521
Vermont	643 59	595 59	34,317,849
Massachusetts	1,547 36	1,433 43	63 345,521
Rhode Island	121 47	121 47	5,006,665
New York	3282 66	641 53	23 064,859
New Jersey	4,473 86	3,358 87	189 538,318
Pennsylvania	994 75	974 75	69 770,243
Delaware and East Maryland	4,397 74	4,397 74	257,774,2 3
Maryland (other than above	362 00	342 94	7,483,596
West Virginia	654 95	457 45	38,820,898
Virginia	660 85	394 75	24,404,100
North Carolina	1,009 88	1,564 97	47 542,038
South Carolina	1,347 75	1,096 67	25,687,414
Georgia	1,338 17	1,076 17	25,131,600
Florida	1,977 60	1,574 80	31,369,075
Alabama	1,601 00	44 20	9,294,000
Mississippi	900 20		28,511,726
Louisiana	837 31	900 20	24 541,833
Texas	1,987 50	379 50	14 406 000
Arkansas	637 00	354 0	4,211,006
Tennessee	1,760 64	1,435 64	43,018,916
Kentucky	1,418 94	812 65	28,699,946
Ohio	4153 44	3,351 97	169,014,101
Michigan	2,044 26	1,199 26	41 549,063
Indiana	3,348 10	2,60 0.10	104,329,226
Illinois	4,561 85	3,439.95	156,838,1 6
Wisconsin	1,173 60	1 234 60	48 469 301
Minnesota	1,749 0	571.50	18,460 00 0
Iowa	3,022 90	1,522.90	81,334,000
Nebraska	440 10	430.00	21,000,000
Wyoming Territory	180 00	840.00	41,800,000
Missouri	1,837.09	1,353 80	64,014,458
Kansas	1,123.00	648.00	30,84 0,000
Colorado	354.00		350 000
Utah Territory	305.48	105 00	9,400,000
Nevada	330.00	330.00	25,920,000
California	1,091.50	468.50	30,336,000
Oregon	2,019.50	19.50	500,000
Total, Jan. 1, 1869,	62,817.10	41,729.18	$1,832,706,041

RECAPITULATION BY SECTIONS.

6 Northeastern States	4,813.99	4,090.11	$168,529,034
6 Mid. Eastern States	13,208 03	9,764 47	547,439,243
8 Southern States	7,456 64	1,641 91	139,033,127
7 Gulf and Southern Interior States	9,046 43	5,070,58	157,813,531
11 North Interior States	24,429 35	16,338 09	750 866,321
5 Western States, etc.	8,356,00	913. 0	66,196,000
Agg. Jan. 1, 1869,	62,817 10	41,372 18	$1,832,706,041

In these tables. It is here proper to state, the Union Pacific Railroad is assumed to have been completed to the Great Salt Lake, 1,035 miles, and the Central Pacific of California a length of 458 miles. These distances were expected to be reached by January 1, 1869. The length of the Central Branch is set down at 120 miles, and that of the Eastern Division at 405 miles, those being the distances last reported. Should the actual result of the year be more or less, the proper allowances must be made by deduction or addition, as the fact may require.

The following compares the aggregates as given by us for January 1, 1868 and 1869:

	Miles of Road—Total.	Open.	Cost of Road and Equipment.
Jan. 1, 1868	54,556 85	38 821 81	$1,660 460,809
1869	62 917 10	42,372.18	1,853,706,041
Increase last year.	8,360.25	3,450 37	$193,245,232

RECAPITULATION OF AVERAGE COST BY SECTIONS

6. Northwestern States	$40,490	1	$40,027
6 Middle Eastern States	58,817	5	55,306
8 Southern States	34,597	0	24,597
7 Gulf and Southern Interior States	31 121	1	30,910
11 Northern Interior States	45,198	5	43,881
5 Western States, &c	72,498	5	68,875
Aggregate	$43,849	5	$41,838

The annual progress of railroad building since 1827 the commencement was made in the construction of the Granite Railroad at Quincy, Massachusetts, to the present time, is shown in the following table:

Year.	Miles.	Year.	Miles.
1828	3	1849	6,350
1829	28	1850	7,575
1830	41	1851	8,589
1831	54	1852	11,027
1832	131	1853	13,497
1833	576	1854	15,573
1834	762	1855	17 378
1835	918	1856	19 231
1836	1 101	1857	22 015
1837	1,491	1858	25,090
1838	1,841	1859	26,755
1839	1,930	1860	28,771
1840	2,197	1861	30,626
1841	3,319	1862	31,769
1842	3,877	1863	33,471
1843	4,174	1864	33,840
1844	4,311	1865	34,443
1845	4 522	1866	35,351
1846	4,810	1867	36,896
1847	5,336	1868	38,822
1848	5,682	1869	42,372

City passenger railroads are not included in the above summary. These are now in general use in all considerable cities, and in numerous instances in places where population is less dense. Their economical bearings are fully recognized, and their popularity is increasing. Boston, New York, Brooklyn and Philadelphia count their street railroad tracks by hundreds of miles. Probably the total is not less than 2,000 to 2,500 miles.

Nor have we included in our statement any account of the second tracks with which most of the leading lines are supplied, nor the sidings and turn-outs on all the lines. These may be estimated at twenty-five or thirty per cent of the length of the road, and are being added to yearly. Adding these supplementary tracks to the tabulated mileage, we find the total length of equivalent single track in use is from 52,500 to 55 000 miles, and if we add to this the equivalent for the city passenger tracks to nearly 60,000 miles. It is now forty years since we began to build railroads, and in that time we have built a greater length than is to be found in the whole of Europe. Progress leads but to new demands and new enterprises.

☞ The vast amount of PLANTATION BITTERS now being sold and shipped from New York is almost incredible. Go when and where you will—along the wharves and piers, and at the depots—you will see great piles of these bitters awaiting shipment and conveyance to every nook and corner of the country, and to the hundreds of foreign ports. They are very popular among all classes of people, and are conceded to be just the thing for this climate. No Bitters have yet been introduced which have become so deservedly popular and worthy of patronage, to all who require a tonic and stimulant. They are prepared with pure St. Croix Rum, Calisaya and Cascarilla Bark, and all the world knows full well what beneficial results accrue from these combinations.

MAGNOLA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. jan13-d&w1w

SENATOR SPRAGUE'S PURCHASES IN FLORIDA.—The Jacksonville (Fla.) Union says: We are informed that the celebrated Dungerness estate, the gem of Cumberlin Island, in view of Fernandina, was purchased by Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, on his last visit to this State. The estate of Dungerness comprises six thousand acres; the mansion will be fixed up for a winter residence and the land reserved for gardens, parks, drives and hunting grounds. Senator Sprague has also purchased on the same island, a fine plantation of three thousand acres, which will be devoted to the cultivation of Ramie, an article now in great demand both in Europe and in this country. We understand that the above lands are of a good quality, with a valuable growth of live-oak. The price paid for it was $10 an acre.

STOCK SALE IN SAVANNAH.—Last Tuesday the Republican gives the following:

Three shares Central Railroad stock at $123 50.

Five shares Southwestern Railroad stock at $95.

Four thousand dollar Albany and Gulf Railroad bond, coupons in May, 1867, at $70.

Ten shares Albany and Gulf Railroad stock at $47.

Five hundred dollars city of Savannah bonds, coupon due in February next, at $94.

Five hundred dollars 7 per cent. Albany and Gulf railroad scrip at $70.

A five acre garden lot on the Skidaway shell road, four miles from the city, was sold for $105.

NEWNAN, GEORGIA.—They had a smart contest for Mayor and Aldermen of Newnan, on the 2d instant, resulting in the election of the following by an average of about forty majority:

Mayor—Hugh Brewster. Aldermen—A. R. Cates, J. C. Wooten, J. J. Pinson, E. Monegan.

We see from the Herald that Newnan has but $702 of her bonded debt unliquidated. That is snug.—*Macon Telegraph.*

CAMPBELL SHERIFF SALES.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in the town of Campbellton, Campbell county, Ga., between the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in February, 1869, the following property, to-wit:

Lots of land Nos. 103, 186 and 187 in second district of originally Carroll, but now Campbell county. Levied on to satisfy one fi fa issued from Campbell Superior Court in favor of James R. Abbercrombie, Adm'r, &c., against A. G. Weddington and Ezekiel Folk. Levied on as the property of A. G. Weddington and pointed out by plaintiff.

Also, at the same time and place, lot of land No. 164, in the second district of originally Carroll, but now Campbell county, and also two bales of cotton, about seven hundred pounds of lint, more or less. Levied on to satisfy one fi. fa. issued from Campbell Superior Court, in favor of Stephen Baggot against Samuel Holleman. Levied on as the property of said Samuel Holleman, and pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, one two-horse traveling Thrash. Levied on as the property of Lewis R. McWin to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Campbell County Court, in favor of W. B. Swann against Lewis R. McWin and James H. Alexander. Property pointed out by Lewis R. McWin.

Also, at the same time and place there will be sold, one cow and calf and three head of pork hogs. Levied on as the property of James H. Alexander to satisfy one fi. fa. issued from Campbell County Court, in favor of W. B. Swann against Lewis R. McWin and James H. Alexander. Property pointed out by James H Alexander.

Also, at the same time and place, lots of land Nos. 39, 40 and 41, with improvements thereon. Levied on as the property of Wm. J. Camp, to satisfy one fi. fa. issued from the Superior Court of Campbell county, in favor of Sarah L. Butt against Wm M. Bartlett and Wm. J. Camp, security. Property pointed out by G. T. Camp, Agent.

Also, at the same time and place, eighty thousand (80,000) pounds of seed cotton and fifty barrels of corn, more or less. Levied on as the property of John M. and Stephen James, by virtue of a Distress warrant for rent, in favor of A. Baker against John M. and Stephen James. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. This Jan. 1, 1869. Terms of sale cash.

EVAN R. WHITLEY, Deputy Sheriff.
jan6-w1s Printer's fee $3 50 per levy

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Important Legal Decision.

Florida Legislature.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The President nominates Calvin J. Cooles Assayor of the Mint, Charlotte, N. C. A. S. Robertson, Collector of Revenue for the Second District of Louisiana, David Sheeks Attorney for Western Texas.

HOUSE.—After Butler, Banks reported a resolution for the protectorate of St. Domingo and Hayti, stating the object to be in case of revolutionary movements, our Government could send our ships to advise the revolutionists to await the usual time of elections so as to have a peaceable revolution. In answering whether the Executive had made overtures, he replied he could not answer without involving negotiations. Without conclusion, the House adjourned.

SENATE—Sumner presented a petition from the mass meeting at Macon, Ga., asserting the deplorable condition, and asking the passage of Sumner's bill.

A bill was introduced forbidding transfers to foreigners' grants or privileges from the United States.

The Sue Murphy case was resumed and discussed to adjournment.

Butler's bill authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue three hundred and fifty million, and further sums as may be required; and after the 30th of June, National Banks cease to be banks of issue The bill is quite long.

Fowler in arguing in favor of Sue Murphy's claim, said claims of a similar character would not exceed thirty million. The discussion excites much attention. Southern Senators all favor the bill.

The Reconstruction Committee is engaged on Georgia; to-morrow it will hear Gillem on Mississippi.

Spencer, in discussing the Sue Robinson bill, said if the claim was ignored, reconstruction will be a failure, and Southern loyalists, if treated as enemies of this country, will abandon the party. A close canvass of the Senate indicates that the claim, though it be recommitted, will finally pass.

Several Atlantic steamers are over due. Those in, report heavy weather.

Coast steamers as late as due have arrived.

Gov. Windham Robertson has arrived and joined the Richmond committee.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 12.—Peruvian monitors, with their consorts, Havana and Monterey, left the mouth of the river this morning for the Pacific. They touch at Pensacola.

MONTGOMERY, Jan. 12.—The Columbiana Guide, a newspaper published at the county site of Shelby county, in this State, says that Judge Pelham, of the Circuit Court, on a case coming before him from the Probate Court, of this county, decided that the present Legislature is an illegal body and Governor Smith an unlawful officer. Judge Pelham is a prominent member of the Republican party, and was elected to his office at the same time the Legislature and the Governor was chosen.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan 13.—SENATE.—Gambia, a Northern negro, was elected Reading Clerk.

A resolution by Walls, colored Republican, requesting the Senate to call on Senator Osborn to repair to Washington and attend to Senatorial duties or resign, was tabled by one majority.

A similar resolution was offered in the House by Scott, colored member, but was withdrawn.

Senator Osborn and Representative Hamilton left for Washington this evening.

The Impeachers seem to be losing ground.

MADRID, Jan. 12.—Four thousand soldiers have volunteered to suppress the Cuban insurrection.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—For unexplained reasons Greek representations have been excluded from the conference, who protests and applies to his Government for instructions. Conference will await the action of Greece.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Cotton closed firmer; sales 4,800 bales; middlings 28¾. Flour, State and Western dull and 10a20c lower; superfine 5 80a6 20; Southern dull and declining; common to fair extra 6 90a7 25. Wheat favors buyers. Corn 1c lower; new white Southern 88a1 02; yellow 99a1 05. Oats favors buyers. Mess pork dull at 29 00a29 50. Lard steady; steam 19¾a19¾ for kettle. Whisky 1 02. Rice dull. Sugar quiet. Coffee active and firmer. Molasses dull. Turpentine 52a53. Rosin 2 60. Freights firm; cotton steam ¼c.

Money closed much easier at 7; exceptions at 6; prime discounts 7. Gold stronger at 35¾. Sterling 9¼. Southern bonds firm and advancing. Governments active. 1868's 12¼. Tennessee's, new, 69¾. North Carolina's, new, 69¾. Virginia's, new, 67¾.

BALTIMORE, January 12.—Cotton very firm at 28¾. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat dull but firm; white dull; prime to choice red 2 10a2 30. Corn dull; white 85a88; yellow 90a93. Rye dull at 80a87. Oats dull. Mess pork active at 30 00a30 50. Bacon firm at 14¾a14¾c for shoulders. Lard 20.

Virginias, inscribed, 46; 1868's, 51¾; 1867's 49a49¾; coupons, old, 55¾; new 57¾.

NEW ORLEANS, January 13.—Cotton steady; middlings 28¾; sales 6,300 bales, including 2,200 after the close yesterday; receipts 2,800 bales. Gold 1 35¾. Sterling 47; commercial 46a46½. New York sight ¼a¾c discount. Flour easier; superfine 7 12½ double extra 7 40; treble extra 8 00. Corn quiet; white 76a77; yellow 80a85. Oats dull and drooping at 65a68. Bran dull at 1 15a1 25. Hay dull; prime 24 00a26 00. Mess pork firm at 31 00. Bacon scarce; shoulders 14¾; clear rib sides 18¾; clear sides 19¼. Lard firm; tierce 20; keg 21a21¼. Sugar firm and advanced ¼c; common mon 9¾a10¾; prime 12¾a12¾; yellow clarified 14a14¾. Molasses firm; common 58a60; prime 68a70; choice 70a72. Whisky irregular; Western rectified 1 00a1 10. Coffee steady; fair 14¾a14¾; prime 15¼a15¾.

MOBILE, January 12.—Sales 600 bales; middlings 28¼a27¾ and quiet; exports none; receipts 2,151 bales.

CINCINNATI, January 12.—Flour firm; family 7 75a8 00. Corn firmer at 63. Whisky dull at 97. Provisions quiet and firm; no speculation. Mess pork firm at 30 00. Lard 19¼a19¾. Bacon dull; shoulders 12¾; clear sides 17¾a17¾, packed. Bulk meats unchanged.

AUGUSTA, January 12.—Market easier; sales 874 bales; receipts 363 bales; middlings 27a27½.

WILMINGTON, January 12.—Spirits turpentine closed weak. Rosin dull; 2 00a2 50 for strained extra No. 1; high grades in demand with none on the market. Crude turpentine unchanged at 2 25a3 25. Tar advanced to 2 25. Cotton in fair demand; middlings 27½.

CHARLESTON, January 12.—Cotton quiet and declined ½c; sales 300 bales; receipts 858 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,870 bales; middlings 28½.

SAVANNAH, January 12.—Cotton market opened quiet, and closed firmer; middlings 27½a27¾; sales 500 bales; receipts 2,305 bales; exports 1,082.

LIVERPOOL, January 12, P. M.—Cotton firmer; prices unchanged. Sales 1,000.

New Advertisements.

IMPORTANT
—TO—
THE SICK AND AFFICTED!
THE MAGNETIC
PAIN DESTROYER!
THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!

☞ *Sold upon the Public Streets of Atlanta and Warranted to Cure*

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SICK AND NERVOUS HEADACHE, EAR ACHE, TOOTH ACHE, PAINS IN THE BACK AND SIDES, SORE THROAT, DYSENTERY, DIARRHŒA, SPINAL AFFECTIONS, CHOLERA, SPRAINS, CUTS, CONTUSIONS, BRUISES, &C.

More than this, ☞ *It Cures at Once* and has deservedly obtained the name of the

Poor Man's Medical Friend.

Take notice that every Bottle bears our Trade Mark, representing the Signet of Solomon, King of Israel, to counterfeit which is forgery.

As an agent for the Cure of Disease, in all its varied forms, this elegant preparation cannot be excelled, and those who suffer from the baneful effects of disease may rest assured it is their fault alone.

IT IS UNDOUBTEDLY THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY. Compounded by one of the most talented and distinguished Chemists in the South; it has been extensively used by the most prominent Physicians, and the demand for it has become so great that the proprietors have determined to make it known everywhere.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Disease, it must be remembered, comes when least expected, and for this reason alone every person in the community should be in possession of this invaluable remedy, as there is not a local ache or pain, chronic or inflamatory, which cannot be alleviated at once by using this matchless preparation

Sold by **Messrs. REDWINE & FOX,** Druggists, Agents for Atlanta. For a few days only, Messrs. MIMS & ELLIOTT, Traveling Agents, will cure, *free of charge*, all local pains or aches that may be brought before them. They will also be happy to receive calls at their room. No 24, American Hotel. Descriptive circulars will be distributed throughout the city. jan13 tf

PRIVATE AND TRANSIENT
BOARDING,
BY L. B. DAVIS,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT. Office one door below James' Bank, Whitehall street. Residence, PEACHTREE STREET opposite L. Scofield's Atlanta, Ga. jan13-d5t

1,000 SHOCKLEY APPLE TREES,

FROM Stockley's own Nursery. A good and fresh assortment of Landreth's

GARDEN SEEDS.

Fine Eating and Planting

IRISH POTATOES,

Just received. These and everything else in the Grocery and Provision line can be had of

R. H. GOODMAN,
jan13-d2t Peachtree street

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary of Campbell county, Georgia, will be sold, ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN MARCH next, between the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: Lots of land nos. 880, 894 919, and fractions of Lot No. 131, and half of fraction No. 1,010, in the 1st District of originally Carroll, but now Campbell, county, containing in all one hundred and eighty-one and a half acres. Sold as property of Alexander N. Irwin, deceased. Terms cash. J. MANNING AYER,
jan13w4d Printer's Fee $7 50 Administrator.

Wando Fertilizer!

THE WANDO MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY offers to the Planters and Farmers of the South their FERTILIZER, known as the

"WANDO FERTILIZER,"

Which the experience of the past season has proved to be one of the most valuable in our market. It has for its base the materials from the Phosphate Beds of the Company, on Ashley River, and is prepared at their works at the

EAST END OF HASEL STREET,

in this city. In order to guarantee its uniformity and maintain its high standard, the company has made arrangements with the distinguished chemist, Dr. C. U. SHEPARD, Jr., who carefully analyzes all the ammoniacal and other material purchased by the Company, and the prepared

FERTILIZER,

before being offered for sale. The Company is resolved to make an article which will prove to be a COMPLETE MANURE and give entire satisfaction. For terms, circulars and other information

APPLY TO
WM. C. DUKES & CO., Agents.
NO. 1 SOUTH ATLANTIC WHARF,
jan12 CHARLESTON, S. C. d3m

DR. L. D. CARPENTER,
DENTIST.

OFFICE BELL BUILDING, Marietta street, over Kendrick's Carpet Store, will be ready in a few days to receive calls.

References: Dr G. W. Emerson, Macon, Ga. Hon. W. H. Hulsey, Atlanta.

jan12 d1w

SCREVEN HOUSE,
SAVANNAH, GA.

THIS Hotel, of modern construction and ELEGANT FURNITURE, is under the personal attention of

jan12-d3m T. S. NICKERSON, Proprietor

V. A. GASKILL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE AGENT.

Special attention paid to the Collection of all kinds of Claims.

Excellent arrangements have been made to have all claims in Washington, D. C., properly and promptly settled.

OFFICE—Whitehall street, first door South of Railroad. jan8-d3m

L. E. DAVIS. WM. McMILLAN.
DAVIS & McMILLAN,

REAL ESTATE, AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS—Will give our personal attention to the sale of Real Estate; will take charge of and Rent improved and unimproved Real Estate; will attend to Collecting Rents and do a general Collecting Business. WM. M. HILL is our Auctioneer, and is known to be the great Auctioneer of Atlanta. You all know "UNCLE BILLY." We ask a share of the public confidence and favor. Respectfully, DAVIS & McMILLAN,

jan8-d1m Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Whitehall street.

POTATOES.

200 BARRELS WESTERN IRISH POTATOES, of superior quality,

For Seed or Table Use.

jan5-d1w GLENN, WRIGHT & CARR.

BELL-MANSION.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE will be accommodated with good Board and excellent rooms at my residence, corner of Wheat and Collins streets.

jan10-d5t MARCUS A. BELL.

McDONOUGH STREET
Female School.

MISS LAURA A. HAYGOOD, Principal.
M'LLE E. STERCHI, Teacher of French and German.
W. L. HENSLER, Professor of Music.

THE First Term of the Fourth Annual Session of this School will commence WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1869.

All the branches of liberal English education are taught, with Latin, German, French, Music and Drawing. Superior advantages are afforded in the study of German, French and Music. The School Rooms are pleasantly located and comfortably furnished.

TERMS—$5 00 per month, payable monthly; Music 75 cents per lesson. No extras for Languages or Drawing.

The Primary Department connected with the School is under the charge of Mrs.

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 13.

Local and Business Notices.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT AND CORRESPONDENT—Mrs. Geo. Battey.

PETRO OIL.—Having failed in my effort to manufacture a *first-rate* article of Petro Oil in this city, I will not sell it any longer, until I get a No. 1 article from the North, which will be in eight days. In the mean time I will sell Kerosene Oil at the same price of Petro. No change of burners is required. JNO. T. HAGAN,
jan10-d5t Whitehall street.

AT Earnest's Jewelry Store, Whitehall street, you will find a fine selection of Gold and Silver Watches, from the best factories in the world. jan10-1m

E. E. EARNEST has a fine stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Chains, Keys and Charms. jan10 dlm

E. E. EARNEST has a nice lot of Diamond Pins and Rings, and fine sets of jewelry. jan10-1m

AT Earnest's Jewelry Store you can get genuine Sterling Silver Table Ware, fine Clocks and genuine Pebble Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. jan10 dlm

CHINCHILLAS, FOR CLOAKS.—Just received, another elegant assortment of white, Black and Colored Chinchilla, at Mrs. FRANK'S,
dec15-d6w6 Decatur st., Opposite City Park.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

1ST—PATAULA CIRCUIT.
2D—SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.
3D—MIDDLE CIRCUIT.
4TH—EASTERN CIRCUIT.
5TH—BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.
6TH—SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.
7TH—CHEROKEE CIRCUIT—Two continued; Gordon 2; Bartow 4.
8TH—BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT—Union; Lumpkin 1; Gilmer 1.
9TH TALLAPOOSA CIRCUIT.
10TH—COWETA CIRCUIT—Four continued; Fulton 6; Fayette 1; Troup 1; DeKalb 1.
11TH—FLINT CIRCUIT—Two continued; Henry 1.
12TH NORTHERN CIRCUIT—One continued; Watson 3; Oglethorpe 1.
13TH—WESTERN CIRCUIT—Two continued; Hall 1.
14TH—CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT—One continued; Muscogee 5; Chattahoochee 2.
15TH CIRCUIT—MACON CIRCUIT—Four continued; Houston 1; Bibb 3.
16T—OCMULGEE CIRCUIT—Two continued; Jasper 3; Wilkinson 3; Morgan 1.

The above is the order of the docket of the December Term, 1868, of said Court, which will resume its session on the Second Monday in January, 1869.

TUESDAY, January 12.

Most of the morning was taken up in concluding the cause Barrett, administrator, vs. Jackson. After it the case of John A. Long vs. the State, being a motion for a new trial, in a murder case, from Barrow county, was argued by Col. Jesse Glenn and A. B. Culberson, Esq., for Long, and by Col. Dabney, representing the Solicitor General, for the State.

Then the continued case of the State vs. John Dickson, which had been put to the heel of the circuit, by consent was taken up. It was a question of priority of liens, as between the State, (claiming, under fi. fa issued by the Comptroller General against a defaulting agent of the Western and Atlantic Railroad and his securities) and a private individual whose mortgage lien was created before the agency began.

Messrs. Sprayberry and J. A. W. Johnson, represented by the reporter, for the State. C. D. McCutchin, by A. B. Culberson for Dickson.

This argument being concluded at five minutes before 5 o'clock, P. M., the Court announced that his Honor Mayor Hulsey had notified the Court he wished them to occupy the room prepared for that body in the Kimball Opera House, and that the Court would meet there at 9½ o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

The Cherokee Circuit being finished, the next case in order is David Davenport vs. the State; Riot—from Union county, in the Blue Ridge Circuit.

There being but three cases in that circuit and none in the Tallapoosa, it is probable the Coweta circuit will be reached to-morrow evening.

BOARD furnished by L. B. Davis. See notice.

PERSONS in want of cheap dry goods will do well to go to W. F. Peck & Co., opposite National Hotel.

FRENCH, English and American Dress Goods are offered for sale at W. F. Peck & Co.'s, at less than importers' price.

HOUSEKEEPING Goods, of every grade, are offered very low at W. F. Peck & Co.'s, opposite National Hotel.

Mr. R. H. Goodman, Peachtree street, advertises Shockley apple trees; also, garden seeds and Irish potatoes.

Mr. G. is a gentleman and one that will do to trade with. He always keeps on hand a full stock of family supplies. Give him a call.

BENEFIT OF CHARLEY WHITE.—To-night Charley White, the popular manager of the Varieties Theatre, takes a farewell benefit for which occasion a monster programme has been arranged. New songs, dances, plays, &c., will be presented. Harry Robinson, the renowned comical and musical genius, will make his first appearance on this occasion with his mechanical donkey, which is pronounced to be the most laughable ever introduced on the stage.

Mr. White deserves a good house on this, his last appearance, and it is hoped that his friends will turn out in force.

SITE FOR THE WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' ASYLUM.—We are gratified to learn that the Trustees of the Georgia State Lottery have purchased a tract of land, containing about twenty acres, situated within the corporate limits of the city and fronting, some six hundred yards, on the Georgia Railroad, for the purpose of erecting thereon an Asylum for the worthy indigent widows and orphans of our State. The land purchased is known as the "Pope place," and is a very desirable property, susceptable of great improvement at comparatively small cost.

The public may feel assured that in the hands of the present managers, the noble trust created by the charter will be intelligently and faithfully executed. With commendable energy and zeal they have pressed forward, over all obstacles, to the goal of success. We are right glad to hear that it is their purpose to erect upon the property an edifice which will be an ornament to our city, and what its name imports—a home for the poor, the helpless and unfortunate.

THE CAPITOL.—According to announcement the doors of Kimball's magnificent Opera House were thrown open to the citizens of Atlanta on last evening, and such an assemblage as filled the corridors and halls was never before seen in this city.—Thousands availed themselves of the opportunity presented of inspecting one of the most splendid Capitols in the United States. The beauty of sister cities vied with the beauty of [illegible] lending additional lustre to the resplendent scene.

We passed into the Representative Hall, the centre of attraction—and well it might be. It was brilliantly lighted up by a mammoth Reflector, which flashed upon the frescoed walls, from which beamed the pictured faces of some of Georgia's most distinguished sons. This room, seventy-five feet square, and thirty-eight feet from floor to ceiling, with galleries upon three sides, was packed with an admiring and animated throng, who gazed alternately on the triumphs of skill and art, and on the enchanting vision of female loveliness, moving in a glorious panorama of soul-thrilling smiles and sparkling eyes. Indeed, there were some who, in the contemplation of that vision were almost oblivious to all things else; and—we might as well confess it—ye local was "one of 'em."

Such an illumination! From the windows of the vast structure streamed the lights from eyes—did you ever? We are enchanted, and no mistake. If the editor himself had not been discovered in the same condition, (dont tell his wife, reader,) we are sure he would never stop us at the door again with the remark that his local was absent.

No one will expect a detailed account—all saw for themselves. Indeed, as a gentleman remarked, "just say it's a big thing, and quit; you can't do it justice." The view of Atlanta by gas-light, as seen from the turret, could alone inspire a lengthy article; and the Representative Hall—well, we will only say that tame would be that spirit which in such a place and with such surroundings could not give birth to "thoughts that breathe and words that burn."

The pleasure of the occasion was greatly enhanced by most excellent music from the Post Band, who elicited the rapturous plaudits of the assemblage, (and displayed their good taste, too,) by concluding with "Dixie." At 10 o'clock precisely the throng dispersed. It is scarcely credible that but a few months since the Opera House was only a mass of brick and mortar. The Messrs. Kimball have displayed a tremendous energy in the matter; and certain it is, that this colossal edifice is ready for the Legislature—is very nearly completed, and is an ornament and architectural achievement of which not only Atlanta, but the State may justly be proud.

THE MAGNETIC PAIN DESTROYER.—This elegant medical preparation for the safe, speedy and effectual cure of all local pains and aches to which mankind is subject, is manufactured exclusively by Dr. J. O. Patton, Montgomery, Alabama, and is having a splendid sale all over the South. It is put up in a neat and attractive form, and the traveling agents, Messrs. Mims and Elliot, are now at room No. 24, American Hotel, where they will be pleased to receive calls from all who require medical aid.

Their traveling paraphernalia magnificently got up in black and gold attract the attention of all our citizens in a remarkable degree, and the cures they are effecting are really wonderful. It is no wonder that their Pain Destroyer sells so rapidly, for its intrinsic value cannot be over estimated. No family can afford to be without it, as all who have used it speak in unqualified terms of its merits as a certain remedy that has no equal in the South.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—Charley White, the popular manager and performer, takes a farewell benefit this evening, on which occasion Mr. Harry Robinson, the musical genius and vocalist, will make his first appearance. This artist is now playing with remarkable success throughout the United States. He will appear in his great instrumental act, in which he plays a perfect tune on fifteen different instruments. He will appear with his mechanical donkey, which is pronounced the most laughable act introduced on the stage. He will also appear in his original comic sketches, during which he assumes ten different characters, and sings ten original songs. Charley will also have a host of other novelties prepared expressly for the occasion, and hopes to see all his friends present on this his last appearance in Atlanta.

Latest Market Reports.

Atlanta Market Report.

ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 11.

COTTON—Street price, 26@29½c. Receipts very light.

Special Notices.

☞ GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home Combination Class No. 20.—The following were the drawn numbers January 12th, 1869:

44-16-73-2-35-7-70-57-9-46-42-45-62-50

Jan13-d1t HOWARD & CO., Managers.

☞ LADIES' FURS, OF ALL QUALITIES, at reduced prices, at J. M. HOLBROOK'S, Whitehall st.,
Jan12-d3t Atlanta, Ga.

☞ FOUR OR FIVE GENTLEMEN can be furnished with Board and Lodging by applying to W. A. MITCHELL, of the firm of A. W. MITCHELL & BRO., corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets. Jan12-d3t

☞ EMPIRE RESTAURANT, ALABAMA STREET.—PEASE! PEASE!! PEASE!!! Pease is in receipt of Fresh Oysters daily. Pease furnishes the Choicest Meals at all hours. Pease is a candidate for the patronage of the public. Pease supplies Suppers on the shortest notice. Pease is ready at all times to accommodate members of the Legislature. Pease is always prepared to supply everything in the line of a First-Class Restaurant. Pease's is the place for both Ladies and Gentlemen. They all go to Pease's Restaurant. jan12-dlm

☞ WHO'S GOT MY HAT?
Answer—Jesse Holbrook, of course.
WHERE IS HE?
He can always be found at the
NEW YORK HAT STORE, Peachtree street,
Where he keeps a large stock of Hats of every grade and style—for Children's, Youth's and Men's wear, and where he will be pleased to see you kind reader, whenever you find yourself in need of a Hat or Cap. Jan9-d2w

☞ NOTICE TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.—Engineer's Office, Ga. Air Line Railroad Company, Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 26th 1868. Proposals will be received on or before the 2d of January, 1869, for the Gradation, Masonry and Bridging of the First Division of twenty miles of the Ga. Air Line Railroad. Plans and specifications of the work, with any additional information desired, will be furnished on application at this office. B. Y. SAGE,
dec29-d3taw5w Eng. Ga. Air Line R. R. Co.

☞ "THE LIVE DRUG STORE." "Stand from under!" Just received, one Car Load best Coal Oil, 120° fire-test, to be sold at manufacturers' prices. jan7-dtf REDWINE & FOX.

☞ "THE LIVE DRUG STORE." Attention, Gardeners! Just received, 2,000 dozen Landreth's Garden Seed, for sale at wholesale an retail. [jan7-dtf] REDWINE & FOX.

☞ WALKING UP DECATUR STREET the other day we overheard a lady say to another, "What an elegant set of Furs you have; I declare they are perfectly splendid; I have looked everywhere and have seen nothing like them. Do tell me where you found them." "I purchased them at Mrs. FRANK'S, Decatur street, opposite the City Park; she has a splendid assortment of Furs etc., very cheap." "Well, I'll go there right away," was the reply. dec15-dlm

☞ MILLINERY FOR THE HOLIDAYS, all kinds, of late styles, reduced 25 per cent. at Mrs. FRANK'S. dec15-d6w6

MULES & HORSES.

First-Class MULES and HORSES, for Farm and Family Use, are constantly on hand and for sale at
ARCHERS' LIVERY STABLE,
dec31-d6m ALABAMA STREET.

Atlanta Prices Current.

WHOLESALE RATES.

BACON—	
Clear Sides	@ 13½
Clear Ribbed Sides	@
Prime Hams	@
Canvassed Hams	@ 22
Shoulders	@ 12
BULK MEATS—	
Clear sides	@ 13
Clear Ribbed sides	@
Hams	@ 17½
Shoulders	@ 14
BEESWAX—	
Common	@ 25
Choice Yellow	@ 30
BROOMS—	
Per dozen	2.50 @ 5.00
CANDLES—	
Sperm	@ @ 45
Adamantine	19½ @ 21½
Tallow	13 @ 15
CORN MEAL—	
From Old Corn per bushel	1.00 @ 1.10
" New "	95 @ 1.00
COTTON GARDS—	
Per dozen	3.00 @ 3.50
COTTON GOODS—	
Threads	1.25 @ 2.00
Osnaburgs	20 @ 22
4-4 Sheetings	14½ @ 15
¾ Shirtings	13 @
⅞ Shirtings	@ 11
Drills	16½ @ 17
Stripes	@ 20½
CHESTNUTS	4.00 @ 4.50
DRIED FRUIT—	
Rough	5½ @ 7½
Peeled	12 @ 18
FERTILIZERS—	
Peruvian Guano	@ 80.00
Soluble Pacific Guano	@ 70.00
Reid's Phosphate	@ 50.00
Patapsco Guano	@ 75.00
Pure Flour Rawbone	@ 75.00
FLOUR—	
Superfine, per sack of 100 lbs	@ 5 00
Extra do do	@ 5 50
Extra Family do do	6.25 @ 6.50
Fancy do do	@ 7.00
GRAIN—	
Corn, new	@ 95
Barley	2.50 @ 2.75
Rye	@ 1.50
Oats	80 @ 85
Wheat	2.00 @ 2.50
GUN POWDER—	
Sporting in kegs of 25 lbs	@ 8.75
Blasting in kegs of 25 lbs	6.25 @ 6.75
HAY—	
Clover per 100 lbs	1.75 @ 2.00
Timothy	@ 1.75
IRON—	
City Mills Bar	@ 5½
Pittsburg bar	@ 6
Sheet Iron	10 @ 12
Nail Rod	10 @ 14
LARD—	
In Barrels	19 @ 20
In Kegs and Cans	@ 20
LEATHER—	
White oak, sole, per lb	@ 40
Hemlock, sole, per lb	26 @ 30
French calf skins per dozen	40.00 @ 75.00
American calf skins per dozen	36.00 @ 40.00
Upper leather per dozen	40.00 @ 45.00
Harness leather per lb	40 @ 50
LIME—	
Georgia per 5 bushel barrel	@ 2.50
Alabama per 5 bushel barrel	@ 3.00
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 per barrel	@ 36.00
No. 2 per barrel	@ 20.00
No. 3 per barrel	@ 17.00
No. 1 in half barrels	@ 13.50
No. 2 in half barrels	@ 11.00
No 3 in half barrels	@ 9.50
No 1 in kits	@ 4.00
No 2 in kits	@ 3.50
No 3 in kits	@ 3.25
MOLASSES	
Cuba per gallon	48 @ 50
New Orleans	85 @ 90
Syrup per gallon	1.20 @ 1.25
NAILS—	
4s to 10s	6.00 @ 6.25
3s common	@ 7.00
3s fine	@ 8.00
POTATOES—	
Sweet—⅌ bu	75 @ 85
Irish—Northern	5.00 @ 6.25
" Tennessee	4.00 @ 5.00
RICE—	
Rogoon	
Carolina	11 @ 12½
SACKS—	
2 Bushel Burlaps	16½ @ 17
2 Bushel wheat sacks	19 @ 25
SALT—	
Virginia	@ 2.80
Liverpool	2.50 @ 3.00
SOAP—	
Bar	8 @ 15
STARCH—	
Per lb	10 @ 12
SUGAR—	
Crushed and Granulated per lb	18½ @
Clarified per lb	16 @ 17½
New Orleans	14 @ 16
Demerara	15½ @ 17
TOBACCO—	
Low Grades	50 @ 60
Medium	70 @ 75
Good medium	80 @ 85
Fine	90 @ 1.00
Choice	1.10 @ 1.25

Financial.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.—Buying at ¼ off—selling at par.
GOLD.—Buying at 33 cents; selling at 36 cents.
SILVER.—Buying at 26 cents; selling at 29 cents.
GOLD BULLION.—Buying at $1.25 per pennyweight.
GOLD DUST.—Buying at $1.18@1.20 per penny.

Uncurrent Moneys and Securities.

GEORGIA BANK NOTES.

Ga. R. R. & B. Co.	a98	Merch'ts & Plant.	10a..
C. R. R. & B. Co.	93a..	Farmers & Mechanics	a..
Marine Bank Ga.	93a..	Bank of Commerce	7a..
Bank Middle Ga.	93a..	Bank of Columbus	10a..
Bank of Athens	a50	Manifact. Macon	10a..
Bank of Fulton	a49	Union Bank	a..
Bank of Savannah	a55	Mechanics	1a..
Bank of Augusta	a75	Planters' Bank	a19
City B'k Augusta	a48	Augusta Sav. B'k	16a..
Bank State Ga.	a23	Northwestern B'k	1a..
Bank Empire State	a18	Timber Cutters B'k	1a..

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of So. Ca.	a8..	B'k State S. C. old	a35
Union Bank	a80	Bk State S. C. new	1a..
Peoples' Bank	a50	Exchange Bank	a7
Bank of Newberry	a27	So. W. R. R., old	a98
Bank Charleston	a85	So. W. R. R., new	a35
Planters & Mech.	a18	State Bank	a7
B'k of Hamburg	a12	Merchants Bank	a7
Bank of Camden	a25	City Chas'n notes	98a
Bank of Chester	a 8	Planters', Fairfield	a4
B'k of Georgetown	a10	Car. Treas. Notes	75

ALABAMA BANK NOTES.

Bank of Mobile	95	Bank of Montgomery	88
Bank of Selma	20	Eastern Bank	54
Central Bank	2	Northern Bank	25
Commercial Bank	3	Southern Bank	98

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds	33@ 35
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	70@ 75
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage	82@ 87
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, income	60@ 65
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	18@ 20
Macon & Western Railroad Stock	100@110
Macon & Augusta, endorsed	90@ 92
Macon & Augusta, not endorsed	75@ 80
Macon & Augusta Stock	35@ 37
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	91@ 95
Muscogee Railroad Stock	85@ 90
Columbus, S. C. Bonds	50@ 55
Georgia 6 per cent.	75@ 81
Georgia 7 per cent	90@ 92
Georgia Coupons	85@ 90
North Carolina 6 per cent	65@ 67
North Carolina Coupons	63@ 65
Tennessee 6 per cent	70@ 75
Tennessee Coupons	69@ 73
South Carolina Bonds, old	50@ 55
South Carolina Bonds, new	50@ 53
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	68@ 70
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	75@ 80
Memphis & Charleston Railroad Bonds	85@ 89
Georgia Railroad Bonds	100@104
Georgia Railroad Stock	90@ 95
Central Railroad Bonds	100@104
Central Railroad Stock	90@ 95
South Western Railroad Bonds	93@ 95
Southwestern Railroad Stock	92@ 95
Atlanta & LaGrange Railroad Stock	95@100
Augusta Bonds	74@ 78
Atlanta Bonds, 8 per cent	75@ 80
Macon Bonds	75@ 77
Columbus Bonds	70@ 75
Savannah Bonds	80@ 83
Fulton County Bonds	50@ 55
City Checks, Atlanta	90@ 95
County Checks, Fulton	85@ 90
United States 5.20 Bonds	105@106
United States 7.30 Bonds	99@100
United States 10 40 Bonds	103@104
Atlanta National Bank Stock	100@110
Revenue Stamps	97@100
Land Warrants	70@ 80

P. P. PEASE & CO.

Wholesale Grocers,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 17 Alabama Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

Cash advances made on Consignments of Cotton and Produce. jan9-dlm

SEE IT! SEE IT!

GUANO AND PHOSPHATE DEPOT!

ESTABLISHED IN ATLANTA,

ON BROAD STREET.

THE purest and best FERTILIZERS always on hand. Among which are No. 1 Peruvian (pure) Guano; Sea Fowl Guano (equal to Peruvian); Reid's Phosphate (the among the best); Flour of Raw Bone; Land Plaster (Virginia and Nova Scotia); Kittergil's Manipulated Guano and several other leading manures. I am ready to supply 1 BAG or 100 BAGS. Families ought to melt now in planting Peas and other vegetables. CALL SOON.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
jan9— Guano Agent.

VARIETIES THEATRE!

(LATE BELL-JOHNSON HALL.)

OPEN EVERY NIGHT!

WITH A

First-Class Variety Company.

☞ Admission 50 Cents. nov29-dtf

THE CONSTITUTION,

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,

ATLANTA, GA.,

HAVING the largest *bona fide* circulation of any paper published at this point, renders it the

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

through which men can bring their names and business before the public.

Terms Liberal!

Daily, per annum	$10 00
" six months	5 00
Weekly, per annum	3 00
" six months	2 00

We are also prepared to contract for

JOB PRINTING

of every description.

☞ Send your orders to us and we will guarantee satisfaction.

Chamberlin & Boynton

Are constantly receiving

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Carpets, Curtain Damasks, and Oil Cloths,

All of which will be sold low for cash. Jan10-2t

OUR STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS

IS ALWAYS COMPLETE and we sell at the LOWEST PRICES for cash, at wholesale and retail. CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON.
jan10 d2t

NEW BACON.

20,000 POUNDS of Smoked Clear SIDES.

NEW HAMS.

5,000 lbs. choice Smoked FAMILY HAMS.
Jan10-d3t A. K. SEAGO.

Dr. J. Bradfield's

Female Regulator,

Woman's Best Friend,

PREPARED AND SOLD

—BY—

L. H. BRADFIELD,

Wholesale Druggist.

Jan10-d1m ATLANTA, GA.

Wanted,

TO CONTRACT FOR 10,000 BUSHELS

TOMATOES

—AND—

STRAWBERRIES,

TO be delivered at our packing house, Davis' Hall building, the coming summer.

Parties owning lands near the city, and wishing to realize a good profit from them, will do well to give us an early call. L. A. KNIGHT & CO.,
Office Davis' Hall building,
Broad street, Atlanta.
Jan10-d2w

NOTICE.

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS!

CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY COUNCIL,
Atlanta, January 7, 1869.

THE Tax on Merchandise and Commission Sales, Gross Receipts of Livery Stables, &c., for the Quarter ending 31st December, 1868, is now due. All in arrears will please call at my office by the 15th inst., and make returns and pay their tax. After that time executions will be issued against all delinquents.

S. B. LOVE, Clerk.
jan8 d1w

For Sale.

500 GALLONS Fine BLACKBERRY WINE.
200 GALLONS Good CIDER VINEGAR.

L. A. KNIGHT,
Jan10-d2w Davis' Hall building, Broad st.

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.,

GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make cash purchases, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and are content with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffees of all grades, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Peppers, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Maderia Wine for cooking purposes, W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG WHISKY, as originally introduced by us, a good supply constantly on hand and sold only by us, unless purchased from us. W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Bird's Eye Lime.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for Rogers' Celebrated Birds Eye Lime. No better Lime for all purposes is manufactured in this country.

If you wish good masonry, plastering, or a fertilizer, use the purest lime. We keep constantly on hand, fresh from kilns, a good supply and can furnish promptly, any quantity desired. Every barrel guaranteed.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

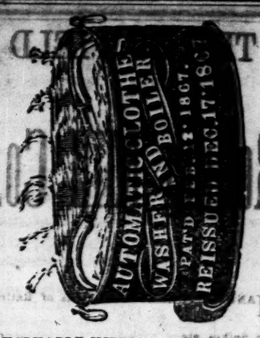
BACON, BACON. We have now in store and on sale 75,000 lbs. Bacon—Sides, Shoulders and Hams. LARD—Best Leaf—Tierces, Kegs and Caddies. W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.
July 12d, 1868. d6m

Garden Seeds,

ALL varieties, from Landreth and Wethersfield gardens, at wholesale and retail. Merchants, as well as Gardeners, will find it to their interest to call.

P. W. J. ECHOLS,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
jan7-d1m Broad street, by the Bridge.

IT WILL WASH!



THIS VALUABLE IMPROVEMENT that has met with such unbounded success throughout the East, West, and North and the parts of the South where it has been introduced,

IS NOW ON EXHIBITION AND FOR SALE AT THE STORE OF

Echols, Langford & McCrath,

Key Stone Block,
Whitehall street,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Where we cordially invite all to call and see its operations. The idea of washing clothes without rubbing or wear to the material is now no longer a mystery. It is being practically used, and with entire satisfaction by many of the best citizens of this city, and hundreds and thousands of people throughout the East and West.

Mr. DeWitt is owner of the Southern and Pacific States and Territories for this valuable invention, and will sell interests by the County and State, to any one wishing a sure and paying business at prices that cannot but suit the purchaser.

States and Counties that have been sold for this improvement have since sold at enormous figures in comparison to the price we ask. For instance, Illinois was sold for $6 000 and since sold for $40,000; counties in Kentucky, that we sold for $50 by the State has since sold for $600, and I can safely say that so far no man has invested his money but what is making a fortune. We can give name and address of nearly every one that has purchased rights in the United States, so parties can correspond with them and get their views on the investment they made.

For territory by Counties or States address or call on HENRY WELLINGTON,
care of Echols, Langford & McCrath,
dec10-d3m or Normal Hotel.

STOVES!

A STOVE FOR EVERYBODY!

Read this List of Stoves:

HOMESTEAD,

SOUTHERNER,

MUTUAL FRIEND, COTTON PLANT,
LIVE OAK, GOODWILL,
SENTINEL, PALMETTO,
SUPERIOR, HARP,
PLANTER.

RANGES!

Barstew Range, Boston Range, Phœnix Range and Challenge Range.

GRATES.

ECHOLS, LANGGORD & McCRATH,
Key Stone Block,
Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia.
dec9-d3m

ST. LOUIS LEAD & OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRICTLY PURE

WHITE LEAD.

Linseed, Castor & Cotton Seed Oils.

OFFICE AND FACTORY:
Cor. Cass and Second sts., St. Louis.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX,
oct14—d6m Druggists,
Atlanta, Ga.

O C

DENISON'S

Condition Powders

FOR

HORSES, MULES,

Cattle and Hogs,

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by
D. M. DENISON,
COLUMBUS, GA.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.
For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by
REDWINE & FOX,
oct23-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

Limited Partnership Notice.

RUFUS R. GRAVES, of the city of Brooklyn New York, and FREDERIC ZEREGA of the city of Savannah, Georgia, have formed a Limited Partnership, for the purpose of a General Commission and Exchange Business, in the city of Savannah, to commence on the 28th day of November, 1868, and to terminate on the 28th day of November 1871.

Said Rufus R. Graves being the special partner, and contributing in actual cash, paid into the copartnership, the sum of fifty thousand dollars.

The firm name will be
dec31-d1aw6w FREDERIC ZEREGA.

HANLEITER'S BOOK-BINDERY

—AND—

Blank Book Manufactory,

GRANITE BLOCK, first door from the Bridge. Up-stairs, ATLANTA, GA.

Orders for Ruling, Binding, &c., received through the mails, left at Phillips & Crew's, or at Bindery, promptly attended to. dec25-dtf

1869 Jordan, Howard & Harralson, 1869

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

TOBACCO, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &C.,

—OF—

ALL BRANDS AND QUALITIES,

—AT—

jan7 LOWEST MARKET PRICES. dly

Hardware! Hardware!

T. M. & R. C. CLARKE,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

WOULD call the attention of Merchants and Planters to their large and well assorted stock of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, all of which they are selling at the lowest cash prices, consisting, in part of the following articles:

Sweedes Iron,	Table Cutlery,	Rubber Belting,		Circular Saws,
Plow Steel,	Pocket Cutlery,	Leather Belting,		Mill Saws,
Trace Chains,	Locks and Hinges,	Corn Shellers,		Manilla Rope,
Scovil Hoes,	Carpenters' Tools,	Straw Cutters,		Cotton Rope,
Brades' Crow Hoes,	Blacksmith Tools,	Peacock Plows,		Jute Rope,
Brades' Patent Hoes,	Collins Axes,	Hubs, Rims,		Files, Nails,
Ames' Shovels,	Pen Elke Axes,	Spokes, Axles,		Castings,

☞ Oders from the country solicited and promptly executed. jan2 d3m

STOVES! STOVES! AND RANGES!

A VARIETY OF NEW PATTERNS.

COOKING, HEATING AND PARLOR STOVES

—AND—

Ranges, Tinware and House Furnishing Goods, Buckets, Tubs, Brooms, Brushes, &c., &c.

Do You Want a Good Stove and Full Value for Your Money? If so Come to

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

Fronting Railroad, Near Whitehall Street Crossing,

Opposite National Hotel, : : : : : : Atlanta, Ga.

Pumps, Lift and Force Pumps; Rubber Hose and Hose Pipes; Steam and Water Pipes; Steam Fittings, Gauges, Whistles, Starting Valves, Oil Cups, &c.; Plumbers Materials, Water Closets, Wash Basins, Traps and Fittings;

GAS FIXTURES,

For Everybody; the Best Assortment ever Offered in the City. Call and examine before purchasing

Also, STEAM AND GAS FITTERS, and Workers in Sheet Iron, Copper, Brass and Tin.

Particular attention paid to Tin Roofing and Valleys. All work guaranteed.

Save Time and Money by patronizing HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
dec18-d1 Whitehall Street, near Railroad Crossing, Opposite National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

THROW AWAY YOUR OLD SHOES AND BUY A NEW PAIR CHEAP!

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

SIGN OF THE BIG IRON BOOT,

WHITEHALL STREET,

Boots, Shoes and Trunks!

A COMPLETE STOCK AND NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!

GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

OF BEST MAKES.

LADIES' SHOES, OF ALL KINDS.

Boys' Misses' and Childrens',

OF EVERY GRADE AND MAKE.

We are prepared to offer superior inducements to Wholesale Trade. Give us a call.
nov1 dly

EXCITING, PROMPT AND SUCCESSFUL REVOLUTION IN THE

Boot and Shoe Business!

—BY—

M. O. MARKHAM,

Successor to HENRY BANKS, at the well known stand

EMPIRE BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Mr. BANKS (except such goods as did not come up to the highest standard for excellence) consisting of BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c., to which there is being added an immense supply of NEW MATERIAL, in quality the best and quantity without limit, from the most celebrated manufactories in the land, I am fully prepared to offer superior inducements to buyers every where as well as to the trade.

I call urgently upon everybody to come and examine my splendid stock. If it is possible to please, I can do it.
oct25-d3m M. O. MARKHAM.

J. S. WILLSON,

Wholesale Dealer in

PAINTS, OILS,

—AND—

DYE STUFFS,

PURE

—FOR—

Drugs and Medicines,

—AND—

PERFUMERY,

—AT—

TOILET ARTICLES.

PRESCRIPTIONS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

Give me a call and I will make it to your interest to trade with me.

J. S. WILLSON,

Druggist,

Under National Hotel,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.
oct24-d3m

A PAIR

—OF—

BOOTS

—FOR—

EVERY MAN IN TOWN,

—AT—

I. T. BANKS'

SHOE & LEATHER STORE,

RAWSON'S BUILDING,

Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
oct12—

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 12.

Annual Statement of the Trade and Commerce of Baltimore.

Mr. George U. Porter, editor of the Baltime Price Current, has prepared and published in handsome style, his usual retrospect of the trade and commerce of Baltimore for the year just closed, embracing all the principal articles, for the purpose of exhibiting what progress has been made by the city and port during the past year. The exhibit made for 1868, is most gratifying, evincing as it does, a steady and healthy increase in the commerce compared with all of the previous years, and affording just grounds for belief that Baltimore will continue to advance in commerce, trade and manufactures, for upon the success of these all other interests are dependent.

The line of steamers between Baltimore and Bremen via Southampton, which was inaugurated last spring, made regular monthly trips to and from each port during the past year, and the enterprise having proved so satisfactory, its projectors some months since concluded to add two more steamers of full equal capacity and character to the line, which will in the coming spring commence to make semi-monthly trips between each port.

The foreign imports at the port of Baltimore for the year past were $13,577,542 gold; and the exports for the same period amounted to $14,950,022 currency. These figures indicate a very large increase compared with former years, as shown by the totals for the last six years, viz:

	Imports. (Gold.)	Exports. (Currency.)
1863 - - - -	$ 5,386,704	$ 9,967,903
1864 - - - -	6,076,291	12,362,448
1865 - - - -	6,211,257	9,614,055
1866 - - - -	9,979,529	11,073,336
1867 - - - -	12,042,874	12,263,717
1868 - - - -	12,577,542	41,950,022

When it is considered how small were the Maryland and Ohio crops of leaf tobacco, which composed the shipments for the year 1868, and which staple usually makes up so large a portion of the exports, the above increase will be better appreciated. This increase over the year 1867, was chiefly made up by enlarged shipments of cotton, flour, oil cake, petroleum, bark, etc. The increase in value of imports from foreign countries was mainly composed of sugar, molasses, fruit, fish, iron, rice, etc. In coffee there is a slight decrease, and a heavy falling off in guano and hides. The amount of duties collected on imports at Baltimore for the past four years were as follows:

1865 - - - - - -	$2,983,303 23
1866 - - - - - -	4,665,064 35
1867 - - - - - -	5,783,840 85
1868 - - - - - -	6,217,396 41

The aggregate quantity of grain received was less than in the previous year, which is chiefly attributed to the short crop of grain in our State in 1867. Of wheat and flour a decided increase is shown. In cotton, provisions, petroleum, and numerous other articles, a much heavier amount of trade is here exhibited.—*Baltimore Sun.*

"Hobson's Choice"—The Radical Programme Under Gen. Grant.

Don Platt writes as follows to the Cincinnati Commercial:

A few days before the late adjournment I sat by a prominent member of Congress, and leader of our organization, discussing the probabilities of Grant's administration.

"The fact is we actually know nothing of General Grant," said the M. C.; "he was nominated because of his availability as a candidate, and a belief, gathered up from his record, that he was reliable. It was Hobson's choice with us; we were forced to accept him or defeat."

"Under these circumstances would it not be well to move slowly and feel our way a little?" I asked.

"Certainly, if it were possible; but I do not see how we can put the brakes on—a President is a President—and I have been here long enough to know that the first two years we give to registering his edicts, and the next two to securing our own re-elections. This is the history of partisan legislation."

"But the Tenure-of-office Act makes a great difference in the relations existing between Congress and the Executive."

"Certainly; and the Civil Service bill will make yet more of a change. But you will see that that the one will not be passed, and the other will be repealed at once."

"Do you really think so?"

"Yes. I do. I find a large number of men, who give me as a reason that they want the responsibility of selecting honest and efficient agents thrown upon the President; it is not well, therefore, to have his hands tied. The reasons really animating them are joined in a desire to flatter Gen. Grant, and in the other and more powerful motive to be found in the fact that if the Senate has to be consulted in the election and dismissal of officers, each member will have less freedom, in the bestowal of patronage."

"And we are to have the same fearful rush of hungry office-seekers that have disgraced us of old?"

"Well, yes. We were hungry office-seekers before we came to Congress, and we hold our places through the consent of other hungry office-seekers, who look to us for support. If we cannot satisfy them, they will turn on us."

"So, there is no hope of getting out of this demoralized condition of the service, and recurring to the constitutional purity of the fathers?"

"The constitutional purity of the fathers, as you call it, was well enough. But we have learned since then that a Government is not made up of paper Constitutions, and cannot rise above the virtue and intelligence of the people really making it, no more than a fountain can rise above its head. We representatives are not the representatives of the learning, nor the morality of the land. We are simply the representatives of the people, and come to our places through their accredited agents—the politicians of the caucus. Look at Butler if you want an illustration. He is a man of large brain—wonderfully cultivated—and yet he moves a repeal of this law because he is driven to it. He holds his place through the patronage claimed for his district. He stoops to flatter Grant, for if left to the Senate it will be used against him."

I cannot tell the name of the gentleman talking with me in the above, for it would do him an injury. But he is one of the few here who really seek, through hard study, to be considered statesmen, and not politicians; and you may count them upon your fingers.

THE INJUNCTION.—The Savannah News says:

We understand that the injunction granted by Judge Cole, of the Macon Circuit, to restrain the South-Western Railroad Company from purchasing certain railroad stock from the city of Savannah, is not regarded as affecting the transfer in any manner. The contract was consummated at once, after Council sanctioned it, and the transfer made, all papers necessary drawn out, signed, sealed and delivered. An injunction might have stopped the transfer while it was in progress; but a court cannot grant an *ex post facto* injunction. It cannot stop a transfer which has already been made, in that manner. The South-Western Railroad Company cannot well be restrained from purchasing that which it has already bought. If the matter is to come before the Courts, it will have to be presented in some other form. We cannot see how any injunction can reach the matter.

☞ Latest advices from Africa confirm the recent report relative to the safety of the great African traveler, Dr. Livingstone. It is said he is somewhere in the vicinity of Lake Nyassa, near the confines of Zanzabar. Owing, it is thought, to the wars between the native tribes, his progress has been impeded, and consequently he has been unable to reach the seacoast.

☞ Augusta Factory stock sold on Monday, in that city, at $1 50, after the quarterly dividend had been paid.

WHITE
RUBBER-GOODS
IN IMITATION OF IVORY.

MARTINGALE RINGS, $18, 20 & 22 ₱ single gross.
Teething Rings for Children $16 ₱ "
Billiard Balls, 2 1-2 inch..... 10 ₱ set.
" " 2 1-2 " ..... 13 "
Faro Checks, 1 5-8 " ..... 14 ₱ hundred.
" " 1 1-2 " ..... 12 "
" " 1 3-8 " ..... 10 "
Poker " 1 1-4 " ..... 8 "
Also, a fine assortment of Ivory and Pearl Sleeve Buttons and Studs.

WM. M. WELLING,
Sole Patentee and Manufacturer,
571 Broadway, N. Y. City.
☞ Samples sent, post-paid, on receipt of $1.

HOUSEKEEPERS!
HOUSEKEEPERS!
Men—Women—and Children!
Men—Women—and Children!
READ—READ.

"Cooling to Scalds and Burns,"
"Soothing to all painful wounds, &c."
"Healing to all Sores, Ulcers, &c."

"COSTAR'S"
BUCKTHORN SALVE

Is the most extraordinary SALVE ever known. Its power of Soothing and Healing for all Cuts, Burns Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Chapped Hands and Skin, for Sore Nipples, for Piles, &c., &c.—is without a parallel. One person says of it, "I would not be without a Box in my House, if it cost $5 00, or I had to travel all the way to New York for it."
[*N. Y. Evening News, Sept.* 5]
All Druggists in ATLANTA sell it.
Or address "COSTAR," No. 10 Crosby st., N. Y

"COSTAR'S"
Standard Preparations
ARE HIS
BEAUTIFIER!
—THE—
Bitter-Sweet & Orange Blossoms,
One Bottle, $1.00—Three for $2 00.

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, Etc., Exterminators.
"Costar's" Bed Bug Exterminators.
"Costar's" (only pure) Insect Powder.

"Only Infallible Remedies known."
"18 years established in New York."
"2,000 Boxes and Flasks manufactured daily."
"All Druggists in ATLANTA sell them."
"!!! Beware!!! of spurious imitations."

$1 00 sizes sent by mail on receipt of price.
$2 00 for any three $1 00 sizes by Express.
Address
"COSTAR," 10 Crosby St., N. Y.,
Or JOHN F. HENRY, (Successor to)
DEMAS BARNES & Co., 21 Park Row, N. Y.
Sold by REDWINE & FOX, and L. H. BRADFIELD, ATLANTA, GA.
nov8-dawly

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"No family should ever be without it."
HON. ALEX. H. STEHHENS, GA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"Exceedingly valuable."
HON. A. J. WALKER, ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"The only medicine kept in my family."
REV. JOHN MATHEWS, ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"A valuable adjunct to the nursery."
HON. W. O. TUGGLE, GA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"It is a great discovery."
ROBERT LEBBY, M. D., S. C.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"An excellent application to wounds."
R. FRAZER MICHEL, M. D. ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"Superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted."
PROF. N. T. LUPTON, ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"A catholicon in our family."
REV. THOS. O. SUMMERS, D. D., TENN.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"I know it to be a good thing."
H. M. WEEDEN, M. D. ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"I know of no family medicine equal to it."
N. S. GRAHAM, ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"I know of nothing superior to it."
GEN. J. B. GORDON, GA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"Best thing for colic in horses I ever saw."
D. BROWDER, ALA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"It can not be too highly commended."
REV. J. A. PARKER, FLA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"I consider it important never to be without it."
W. H. YOUNG, GA.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"The best application to injured or diseased surfaces I have ever known."
REV. CHARLES TAYLOR, KY.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"It is a valuable remedy."
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Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"It has no equal and no rival."
REV. S. W. MOORE, TENN.
Darby's Prophylactic Fluid.
"There is not a drop of humbug in an ocean of it."
HON. W. F. SAMFORD, ALA.

And so we might fill this entire paper with recommendations from the very best men in the country.

There is no question that this is a most wonderful and useful article as a disinfectant, and for wounds, sores, burns, poisons, colic, as a tooth wash, general purifier, &c., &c.

Every Druggist or Country Merchant has it for sale.

Orders filled by the proprietors,
JOHN DARBY & CO.,
160 William Street, N. Y.
nov13 dawly

THE SCOFIELD
Rolling Mill Co.,
MANUFACTURERS of all kinds of Railroad Iron, Spikes, etc.

NEW IRON
Furnished in any quantity and at the shortest notice, of any desired pattern and weight.

Old Iron Rerolled.
New Iron exchanged for old.

SPIKES,
First quality, delivered on the cars, at 5½ cents, warranted of a superior quality.

MERCHANT IRON
Of all sizes, rolled to order. Stock always kept on hand at the corner of Broad and Walton streets.

Plough Steel
Of all sizes, made to order.

CASTINGS
Of all descriptions,

IRON FRONTS AND COLUMNS,

BARK AND SUGAR MILLS,

Saw Mill Gear,

SASH WEIGHTS,

GRATES,
And other kind of Casting made to order.

All orders left at corner of Broad and Walton, will be filled immediately.
Parties at a distance address Box "R," Atlanta, Georgia. dec24dly

CAPITOL
Drug Store!
L. H. BRADFIELD,
DEALER IN
PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,
Drugs and Patent Medicines,
Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for
PROPHITT'S REMEDIES:

Prophitt's Liver Medicine.
Prophitt's Pain Kill It.
Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver when, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, etc., so common among our people. Earache Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind, flee before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT like chaff before the wind.
L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent for
Prophitt's Celebrated Family Medicines,
aug15-d6m Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

FERTILIZERS!
RHODES' SUPERPHOSPHATE
The old and longest established Standard Manure.
ORCHILLA GUANO!
PERUVIAN GUANO!
RHODES' MANURE, in its preparation, is made equally adapted for forcing large crops of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Tobacco Potatoes and other root crops. The Manufacturing Department is conducted by Frederick Klett, one of the most skillful chemists and Manufacturers in the United States. It is endorsed, approved and recommended by all of the most prominent Chemists and Agriculturists in the Southern States. "It can be relied upon as uniform in quality," always reliable, productive of large crops, and unexcelled by any in the market, in the high percentage of true "Fertilizing Principles." Price $57 50 cash, or $65 time, with Factor's acceptance, and 7 per cent. interest until 1st December, 1869.
ORCHILLA GUANO, "AA."—A fine Bird Guano, rich in Phosphates and Alkaline Salts. Price $35 cash, or $40 time.
PERUVIAN GUANO, warranted pure, and always on hand. Furnished at market prices for cash.
de-19-d3m B. S. RHETT & SON, Agents, Charleston, S. C.

HARDWARE.
Tommey & Stewart
(WHITEHALL STREET)
Atlanta, : : : : Georgia,
OFFER AT
Wholesale and Retail
A large and complete assortment of
Foreign & Domestic
HARDWARE,
AT prices not to be undersold in this market, consisting in part of Iron, Steel, Nails, Cutlery, Guns, Builders' and Carriage Materials. We have also for sale Brooks' Patent Wrought Iron Screw and Revolving Press. dec16 daw3m

Wanted—Agents.
$75 To $200 EVERYWHERE, MALE AND Female, to introduce throughout the Southern States the Genuine Improved Commen-Sense Family Sewing Machine. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $30. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, and more elastic seam than ours. It makes the Elastic Lock-Stitch. Every second stich can be cut and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.
Address S. M. TOLIVER & CO, Franklin, Ky., West Point, Ga.
CAUTION: Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical machine manufactured. nov7-dawtf

OLIVER & WADDAIL,
Commission Merchants,
Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets,
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Agents for Marietta Paper Mills,
Keep constantly on hand Printing and Wrapping Paper of different sizes. oct14-dtf

SAMUEL MEYER,
COTTON FACTOR
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
(Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.)
Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah.
sep15-6m

UNITED STATES HOTEL.
SASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN,
PROPRIETORS,
Within 100 yards of the General Passenger Depot.
Corner Alabama and Prior Streets,
E. R. SASSEEN,
B. W. YORK,
E. T. JOURDAN,
ATLANTA, GA.
J. W. F. BRYSON, E. T. JOURDAN, Clerks.
june18-dtr

Georgia Hoop Skirt
MANUFACTORY,
Whitehall street, - - - Atlanta, Ga.

WM. TITLEBAUM would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity, that he will make to order and keeps constantly on hand, all styles of Hoop Skirts, especially the new fashioned PANIER HOOP of the best material and at prices that will give satisfaction. He also keeps the best selected stock of French, American and German CORSETS ever sent to this market. A full line of Ladies' Ready Made White Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. Also, Millinery Goods. Superintended by Miss CODY. Call and examine.
☞ Sales Ladies will be in attendance to wait on lady customers. dec30-dly

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE
Via Atlanta & Augusta.
Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.
The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.
Ample time given for Meals at regular Ho rs.
Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.
NO CHANGE OF CARS
Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.
Quick Time & Sure Connections
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.
Passengers can purchase
THROUGH TICKETS
and have their
Baggage Checked Through
From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by
Four Different Routes
Via Augusta, Ga.
Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. These splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.
The Great Southern
Passenger and Mail Route
Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philapelphia and New York.
Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.
Fare the Same by Either Route,
Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.
Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.
Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.
Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington Philadelphia and New York.
The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and makes close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.
Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.
☞ Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steam Ships
from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York.
THE CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS
Offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplid with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort
Are Unrivalled on the Coast!
☞ Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steam Ships.
J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
Augusta, Ga., Sep. 23, 1868. sep29-dtf

UNIVERSAL
LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
Office No. 69, Liberty Street.
The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.
The Business of this Company is exclusively confined to the Insurance of First-Class Healthy Lives.

Statement, July 18, 1868.

ASSETS:

United States Stocks (market value)	$109,250 00
Bonds and Mortgages (City of New York,	97,000 00
Brooklyn City Bonds (market value)	25,187 50
Virginia State Bonds (market value)	14,700 00
Cash Deposited in New York Guaranty and Indemnity Co. (at interest)	45,000 00
Cash on hand and in Bank	10,182 09
Balance due by Agents (secured)	25,478 28
Office Furniture	5,235 22
Deferred semi-annual quarterly pr'ms.	72,165 31
Premiums in course of collection	56,564 64
Interest accrued, not due	4,540 97
Other assets	2,319 23
TOTAL	$468,622 97

LIABILITIES:

Amount required to reinsure outstanding risks—Homan's Table—5 per cent.	$243,300	
Unpaid losses, not due	15,000	$258,000 00
Surplus over and above All Liabilities		$210,422 87

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities 181 1-2 to 100.

Number of Policies in force	3,034	
Insuring		$7,926,810
Policies issued since January 1st, 1868	1,136	
Insuring		$2,713,350

THE UNIVERSAL
Offers the following original and popular plan of Insurance:
1st. THE RETURN PREMIUM PLAN: Upon which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies *guaranteeing* the return of all premiums paid in addition to the amount insured.
2nd. THE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN: By which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, *guaranteeing a reduction of fifty per cent.* of the premium after the third annual payment.

OFFICERS:

WILLIAM WALKER.....President.
HENRY J. EURETT.....Vice President.
JOHN H. REWLEY.....Secretary.
CHARLES E. PEASE.....Assistant Secretary.
D. PARKE PACKLER.....Consulting Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, M. D.....Medical Examiner.
ALEXANDER GREEN.....Solicitors
☞ Agents wanted throughout the South.
Address
J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
or Atlanta, Georgia.

R. M. ROSE & CO.,
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS.
Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
jel6-dly

Chicago Ale Depot.
M. R. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated LILL'S CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in any quantity. He is also dealer in
BRANDIES, WINES, WHISKIES and SEGARS
Sample Rooms, No. 14 Alabama street, next door to the United States Hotel. apr1—dly

Come in out of the Jaws of Death.
HESITATION and delay are nothing but another form of suicide when you have a remedy at your hand to remove pain instantly.
DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS
are the true grains and essence of health, and the latest gift that Science has given to the world.
FROM MEXICO TO ALASKA
The People know them!
The People use them!
The People praise them!
These pills grapple with disease at its fountain-head, and root it out of the patient's system, at once. They fortify the body against Disease in all forms of sudden attack and epidemics, and enable all to brave the miasmatic danger of swamps and forests. One of Dr. Maggiel's Pills relieves the entire system of pains and aches, enlivens the spirits and sends new blood
Bounding Through the Veins.
Call for these inestimable medicines at your nearest Druggist's, and if he is out of them send to the proprietor's office for them. They are mailed safely all over the globe.
ONE MINUTE TO SAVE YOUR LIFE!
Take Disease in time and you will suffer less and be saved many days of useless misery.
What one hundred letters a day say from patients all over the habitable globe:—
Dr. Maggiel, your pill has rid me of all biliousness.
No more noxious doses for me in five or ten pills taken at one time. One of your pills cured me.
Thanks, Doctor. My headache has left me. Send me another box to keep in the house.
After suffering torture from bilious colic, two of your pills cured me, and I have no return of the malady.
Our doctors treated me for Chronic Constipation as they called it, and at last said I was incurable. Your Maggiel's Pills cured me.
I had no appetite; Maggiel's Pills gave me a hearty one.
Your pills are marvelous.
I send for another box, and keep them in the house.
Dr. Maggiel has cured my headache that was chronic.
I gave half of one of your pills to my babe for cholera morbus. The dear young thing got well in a day.
My nauseau of a morning is now cured.
Your box of Maggiel's Salve cured me of noises in the head. I rubbed some Salve behind my ears and the noises left.
Send me two boxes; I want one for a poor family.
I enclose a dollar; your price is twenty-five cents, but the medicine to me is worth a dollar.
Send me five boxes of your pills.
Let me have three boxes of your Salve and Pills by return mail.
Doctor, my burn has healed by your Salve.
For all Diseases of the Kidneys, Retention of Urine, &c., &c.,
Maggiel's Pills are a perfect cure. One Pill will satisfy any one.
FOR FEMALE DISEASES,
Nervous Prostration, Weakness, General Lassitude and Want of Appetite,
Maggiel's Pills will be found an Effectual Remedy
MAGGIEL'S PILLS & SALVE
Are almost universal in their effects, and a cure can be almost always guaranteed.
Each Box Contains Twelve Doses;
ONE PILL IS A DOSE.
"COUNTERFEITS! Buy no MAGGIEL'S PILLS OR SALVE with a little pamphlet inside the box: they are bogus. The genuine have the name of J. HAYDOCK on box with name of J. MAGGIEL, M. D. The genuine have the Pill surrounded with white powder."
All Orders for the United States Must be Addressed to
J. HAYDOCK, New York, U. S.
DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS OR SALVE ARE
nov18 25 Cents per Box. dly

Great Distribution!
—BY THE—
Metropolitan Gift Company!
CASH GIFTS TO THE AMOUNT OF $250,000!
Every Ticket Draws a Prize!

5 Cash Gifts	Each	$10,000
10 "	"	5,000
20 "	"	1,000
40 "	"	500
200 "	"	100
300 "	"	50
450 "	"	25
600 "	"	25
30 Elegant Rosewood Pianos	Each	$300 to $350
35 "	Melodeons	75 to 150
150 Sewing Machines	"	50 to 175
250 Musical Boxes	"	25 to 200
300 Fine Gold Watches	"	75 to 300
750 Fine Silver Watches	"	30 to 50

Fine Oil Paintings, Framed Engravings, Silver Ware, Photograph Albums, and a large assortment of Fine Gold Jewelry, in all varied at
1,000,000 DOLLARS!
A Chance to Draw any of the above Prizes by Purchasing a Sealed Ticket for 25 Cents.
Tickets describing each Prize are SEALED, in Envelopes and thoroughly mixed. On receipt of 25 Cents, a Sealed Ticket will be drawn, without choice, and delivered at our office, or sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on the payment of One Dollar. Prizes will be immediately sent to any address, as requested, by express or return mail.
You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. Any Prize may be exchanged for another of the same value. ☞ *No Blanks.*
☞ Our Patrons can depend on fair dealing.
References.—We select the following names from the many who have lately drawn Valuable Prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: T. T. Wilkens, Buffalo, New York. $1,000: Mrs. E. Stuart, 70 Nelson Place, N. Y. $500; Miss A. Monroe, Chicago, Ill., Piano valued at $650; W. Curtis, New Haven, Gold Watch, $320; Robert Jackson, Dubuque, Sewing Machine, $100; Philip McCarthy, Louisville, Ky., $500; James Rogers, Washington, D. C., Musical Box, $150; Miss Emma Walworth, Milwaukie, Wis., Piano, $300; S. T. Ferris, New Orleans, Gold Watch, $200.
We publish no names without permission.
Opinions of the Press:
"They are doing the largest business; the firm is reliable and deserve their success."—*Weekly Tribune, Feb.* 8.
"We have examined their system and know them to be a fair dealing firm."—*N. Y. Herald, Feb.* 28, 1868.
"Last week a friend of ours drew a $500 Prize, which was promptly received."—*Daily News, Mar.* 3, 1868.
Send for circular giving many more references and favorable notices from the press. Liberal inducements to Agents. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Every Package of Sealed Envelopes Contains One Cash Gift.
☞ Six Tickets for One Dollar, 13 for Two Dollars, 25 for Five Dollars, 110 for Fifteen Dollars. All letters should be addressed to
PARKER, MOORE & CO.,
dec3-d2m 195 Broadway, N. Y.

NOTICE TO
MERCHANTS and SHIPPERS.
THE changes in classification made from time to time by other routes, though of little moment, may lead to misapprehension, as to charges by the
Great Southern Freight Line,
Via Savannah.
To meet such cases and avoid the necessity of frequent changes, on our part, Merchants are informed that our
Rates and Classification
will, at any time, be made
As Low as by Any Other Route,
and any accidental over-charge will be at once investigated and corrected, if brought to the notice of Railroad Agent at point of delivery, or to
H. W. BRONSON, M't'r,
Macon.
J. M. SELKIRK,
Gen'l Freight and Forwarding Agent,
dec19-dtf Savannah

Smoked Bacon.
CLEAR Rib Sides and Shoulders, just out our Smoke-House and for sale.
A. K. SEAGO,
jan1-d Commission Merchant.

GOVERNMENT OF GEORGIA.
RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.
D. G. Cotting, Secretary of State.
Madison Bell, Comptroller General.
R. B. DeGraffenreid, Governor's Secretary.

SUPREME COURT.
Joseph E. Brown, Chief Justice.
H. K. McKay, Hiram Warner, } Associate Justices.
Henry P. Farrow, Attorney General.
N. J. Hammond, Reporter.

SENATE.
Benjamin Conley, Pres't; A. E. Marshall, Sec'y.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
R. H. McWhorter, Speaker; Mark Harden, Clerk.

COURT CALENDAR.
U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR GEORGIA.
John Erskine, Judge, Atlanta.
H. S. Fitch, District Attorney, Savannah.
James McPherson, Clerk.
Meets at Atlanta on the 2d Monday in March and September, and at Savannah.
The Superior Courts of this State shall be held in each County in the respective Judicial Circuits, twice each year, as follows:

BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT.
NOEL B. KNIGHT, Judge.....Marietta, Ga.
Cherokee: First Monday in March and first Monday in August.
Cobb: Third Monday in March and first Monday in October.
Milton: Fourth Monday in March and third Monday in August.
Forsyth: First Monday in April and fourth Monday in August.
Lumpkin: Second Monday in April and first Monday in September.
Dawson: Third Monday in April and third Monday in September.
Pickens: Fourth Monday in April and fourth Monday in September.
Gilmer: Second Monday in May and second Monday in October.
Fannin: Third Monday in May and third Monday in October.
Union: Fourth Monday in May and third Monday in October.
Towns: Thursday after fourth Monday in October; but should the business of the Court require it, Towns may, by order of the presiding Judge, be adjourned to Monday thereafter.

BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.
W. M. SESSIONS, Judge.....Blackshear, Ga.
Appling: First Monday in March and first Monday in September.
Camden: Friday after the fourth Monday in April and October.
Charlton: Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October.
Clinch: Fourth Monday in March and Fourth Monday in September.
Coffee: Second Monday after fourth Monday in March and September.
Echols: Monday after fourth Monday in March and September.
Glynn: Third Monday in April and third Monday in October.
Pierce: Thursday before the first Monday in March and September.
Ware: Third Monday in March and third Monday in September.
Wayne: Fourth Monday in April and fourth Monday in October.

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.
E. H. WORRELL, Judge.....Talbotton, Ga.
Chattahoochee: Fourth Monday in March and fourth Monday in September.
Harris: Second Monday in April and October.
Marion: First Monday in March and September.
Muscogee: Second Monday in May and November.
Schley: Third Monday in April and October.
Talbot: Third Monday in March and September.
Taylor: First Monday in April and October.

CHEROKEE CIRCUIT.
JOSIAH R. PARROTT, Judge, Cartersville, Ga.
Bartow: Third Monday in March and September.
Catoosa: Second Monday in February and August.
Chattooga: First Monday in March and Sept.
Dade: Second Monday in May and November.
Gordon: First Monday in April and Oct.
Murray: Third Monday in April and October.
Walker: Monday before the first Monday in March and September.
Whitfield: Fourth Monday in April and October.

COWETA CIRCUIT.
J. D. POPE, Judge.....Atlanta, Ga.
(After the first of January, 1869.)
Clayton: Second Monday in March and Sept.
DeKalb: First Monday in March and Sept.
Fayette: Third Monday in April and October.
Fulton: First Monday in May and November.
Meriwether: First Monday in May and October.
Troup: Third Monday in March and Sept.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.
WILLIAM SCHLEY, Judge.....Savannah, Ga.
Bryan: Second Monday in April and 3d Monday after 4th Monday in November.
Bulloch: Friday after 3d Monday in March. " " 4th " October.
Chatham: Second Monday in January and May.
Effingham: Monday after 4th Monday in March and 3d Monday after 4th Monday in October.
Liberty: Third Monday in April and Monday after 4th Monday in November.
McIntosh: Thursday after 3d Monday in April and Thursday after 4th Monday in Nov.
Montgomery: Thursday after the 2d Monday in March and Thursday after 3d Monday in Oct.
Tattnall: Third Monday in March and 4th Monday in Oct.

FLINT CIRCUIT.
JAMES W. GREENE, Judge.....Thomaston, Ga.
Butts: Second Monday in March and Sept.
Henry: Third Monday in April and October.
Monroe: Fourth Monday in February and Aug.
Newton: Third Monday in March and Sept.
Pike: First Monday in April and October.
Spalding: First Monday in February and Aug.
Upson: First Monday in May and November.

MACON CIRCUIT.
CARLETON B. COLE, Judge.....Macon, Ga.
Bibb: Third Monday in May and November.
Crawford: First Monday in March and Sept.
Dooly: First Monday in April and October.
Houston: Third Monday in February and Aug.
Twiggs: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.
WILLIAM GIBSON, Judge.....Augusta, Ga.
Burke: Third Monday in May and November.
Columbia: First Monday in March and Sept.
Emanuel: Wednesday after 4th Mondays in March and September.
Jefferson: Second Monday in May and Nov.
Johnson: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.
Richmond: Second Monday in January and July.
Scriven: First Monday in May and November.
Washington: Second Monday in March and Sept.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.
GARNETT ANDREWS, Judge, Washington, Ga.
Elbert: Second Monday in March and Sept.
Glascock: Third Monday in February and Aug.
Hancock: Second Monday in April and Oct.
Hart: Third Monday in March and Sept.
Lincoln: Fourth Monday in April and October.
Madison: First Monday in March and Sept.
Oglethorpe: Third Monday in April and Oct.
Taliaferro: Fourth Monday in February and Aug.
Warren: First Monday in April and Oct.
Wilkes: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.
P. B. ROBINSON, Judge.....Greensboro, Ga.
Baldwin: Fourth Monday in February and Aug.
Greene: Second Monday in March and Sept.
Jasper: Fourth Monday in April and October.
Jones: Third Monday in April and October.
Morgan: First Monday in March and Sept.
Putnam: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.
Wilkinson: First Monday in April and Oct.

PATAULA CIRCUIT.
DAVID B. HARRELL, Judge.....Preston, Ga.
Clay: Fourth Monday in February and August.
Early: First Monday in April and October.
Miller: Second Monday in April and October.
Quitman: Third Monday in May and Nov.
Randolph: First Monday in May and Nov.
Stewart: Third Monday in April and October.
Terrell: Fourth Monday in May and November.
Webster: Second Monday in March and Sept.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.
J. R. ALEXANDER, Judge.....Thomasville, Ga.
Berrien: Monday after Irwin Court.
Brooks: Monday after Lowndes Court.
Colquitt—Wednesday after third Monday in May and November.
Irwin: On Thursday after Telfair Court.
Laurens: